

AGENDA

RETIREMENT BOARD MEETING

REGULAR MEETING October 27, 2021, 9:00 a.m.

The Board of Retirement will hold its meeting via teleconferencing as permitted by Government Code Section 54953(e). The meeting is accessible telephonically at 669-900-6833, Webinar ID: 880 2050 9486, Passcode: 832141, or via the web at:

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/88020509486?pwd=NIVBUFZHdkEzeGJZM0k3ZFpGS1J3QT09

Passcode: 832141

Persons who wish to address the Board of Retirement during public comment may call in during the meeting by dialing the phone number and passcode above. Access via Zoom is also available at the weblink above. To indicate you wish to speak during public comment, please select *9 on your phone or "raise your hand" in the Zoom app.

Public comments are limited to any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board of Retirement. Comments will be received in real time via telephone or Zoom, subject to a three-minute time limit per speaker.

THE RETIREMENT BOARD MAY DISCUSS AND TAKE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. Pledge of Allegiance.
- 2. Roll Call.
- 3. Accept comments from the public.
- 4. Recognition of Jessica Irby for 15 years of service and David Recoder for 15 years of service.
- 5. Approve minutes from the September 8 and September 22, 2021 meetings.

The Retirement Board will provide reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities planning to attend Board meetings who contact the Retirement Office at least 24 hours before a meeting.

- 6. Routine items for October 27, 2021.
 - a. Approve certifications of membership.
 - b. Approve service and disability allowances.
 - c. Accept disability applications and authorize subpoenas as required.
 - d. Approve death benefits.
 - e. Accept asset allocation report.
 - f. Accept liquidity report.
- 7. Review of private credit.
 - a. Presentation from staff
 - b. Presentation from StepStone
- 8. Review of report on Risk Diversifying Sub-portfolio.
- 9. Presentation from Sit Investment Associates.
- 10. Update on private equity and real estate commitments.
- 11. Pension administration system project update.
- 12. Consider and take possible action to adopt Resolution 2021-6 authorizing the Board to conduct teleconference meetings under Government Code section 54953 (e).
- 13. Consider and take possible action concerning the SACRS legislative proposals to be voted on at the November 2021 SACRS Conference.
- 14. Presentation of year-to-date 2021 CCCERA budget vs. actual expenses report.
- 15. Miscellaneous
 - a. Staff Report
 - b. Outside Professionals' Report
 - c. Trustees' comments

The Retirement Board will provide reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities planning to attend Board meetings who contact the Retirement Office at least 24 hours before a meeting.



RETIREMENT BOARD MEETING MINUTES

REGULAR MEETING September 8, 2021 9:00 a.m.

The Board of Retirement meeting was accessible telephonically at (669) 900-6833, Webinar ID 815 8550 9705, Passcode 041848 as permitted by Executive Order N-29-20 issued on March 17, 2020.

1. Pledge of Allegiance

The Board and staff joined in the *Pledge of Allegiance*.

2. Roll Call

Present: Candace Andersen, Dennis Chebotarev, Donald Finley, Scott Gordon, Jerry

Holcombe, Louie Kroll, Jay Kwon, David MacDonald, John Phillips, Mike Sloan

and Russell Watts.

Absent: Reggie Powell

Staff: Gail Strohl, Chief Executive Officer; Christina Dunn, Deputy Chief Executive

Officer; Timothy Price, Chief Investment Officer; Karen Levy, General Counsel; Wrally Dutkiewicz, Compliance Officer; Tim Hoppe, Retirement Services

Manager, and Jasmine Lee, Member Services Manager.

Outside Professional Support: Representing:

Harvey Leiderman Reed Smith LLP
Paul Angelo Segal Consulting
Andy Yeung Segal Consulting
Audra Ferguson-Allen Ice Miller LLP
Robert Gauss Ice Miller LLP

Vivian Shultz Law Offices of Vivian Shultz

3. Accept comments from the public

CCCERA staff read the following into public comments:

Mike Quesada asked if members would be refunded their contributions that they paid towards the benefits that have been taken away.

Valentin Zalutskiy wrote about the Covid vaccine mandate for the Firefighters in Contra Costa County noting there will be a reduction in retirement contributions CCCERA will receive due to the Firefighters leaving employment.

4. Recognition of Kelli Ingersoll for 30 years of service; Francisca Citero for 25 years of service; Kristina Dohrn for 5 years of service; and Dorothy Saechao for 5 years of service

Gordon recognized and congratulated Kelli Ingersoll for 30 years of service; Francisca Citero for 25 years of service; Kristina Dohrn for 5 years of service; and Dorothy Saechao for 5 years of service.

5. Approval of Minutes

It was **M/S/C** to approve the minutes from the August 11, 2021 Board meeting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

6. Routine Items

It was **M/S/C** to approve the routine items of the September 8, 2021 Board meeting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

CLOSED SESSION

The Board moved into Closed Session pursuant to Govt. Code Section 54957 and 549569(d)(1).

The Board moved into open session.

- 7. It was M/S/C to accept the Medical Advisor's recommendation and grant the following disability benefits:
 - a. Kristy Trindade Service Connected (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)
 - b. Minh Vu Service Connected (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)
- 8. It was M/S/C to refer the Service-Connected disability retirement application for Neal Bassett back to the administrative law judge with instructions. (Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)
- **9.** Trustee MacDonald recused himself from Items 9a, 9b and 9c and was not present for subsequent discussion and voting.

- a. There was no reportable action related to *Contra Costa County Deputy Sheriffs*Association, et al., v. Board of Retirement of CCCERA, et al., Contra Costa County
 Superior Court, Case No. MSN12-1870
- b. There was no reportable action related to *Contra Costa County Deputy Sheriffs Association, et al., v. Board of Retirement of CCCERA, et al.,* Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. C15-00598
- c. There was no reportable action related to *Public Employees Union Local 1, et al., v. Board of Retirement of CCCERA, et al.,* Contra Costa County Superior Court, Case No. N14-2021

10. Consider and take possible action to adopt Resolution 2021-5 authorizing actions in compliance with Assembly Bill 197 and the Alameda decision

Levy and Dunn provided background and reviewed the items included in Resolution 2021-5 authorizing actions in compliance with AB 197 and the Alameda decision.

Gauss of Ice Miller reviewed their August 25, 2021 letter regarding tax law guidance on the implementation of the California Supreme Court's Alameda decision.

CCCERA staff read the following into public comments:

Jack Funk inquired about the Ice Miller memo.

After a lengthy discussion, it was **M/S/C** to adopt Resolution 2021-5 authorizing actions in compliance with Assembly Bill 197 and the Alameda decision. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, Phillips and Watts. No: MacDonald)

Finley was no longer present for subsequent discussion and voting.

11. Presentation of Semi-Annual Disability Retirement Report

Hoppe presented the Semi-Annual Disability Retirement report.

12. Consider and take possible action to amend the IRC 415 Tax Compliance Policy

Levy reviewed the recommended changes to the IRC 415 Tax Compliance Policy as outlined in her memorandum.

It was **M/S/C** to amend the IRC 415 Tax Compliance Policy as presented. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

13. Review of the Accessibility of Investment Records Policy

Greene reviewed the Accessibility of Investment Records Policy noting there are no recommended changes at this time.

14. Consider and take possible action on SACRS voting proxy form

It was M/S/C to appoint Mike Sloan as the Voting Delegate and David MacDonald as the Alternate Voting Delegate at the upcoming SACRS Conference. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

15. Report from Audit Committee Chair on the August 25, 2021 Audit Committee meeting

Phillips reported on the August 25, 2021 Audit Committee meeting.

16. Consider authorizing the attendance of Board:

- a. It was M/S/C to authorize the attendance of 4 Board members at the CALAPRS Trustees Roundtable, October 29, 2021, Virtual. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)
- b. It was M/S/C to authorize the attendance of 3 Board members at the CRCEA Fall Conference, November 7-10, 2021, Long Beach, CA. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)
- c. It was M/S/C to authorize the attendance of 6 Board members at the SACRS Fall Conference, November 9-12, 2021, Hollywood, CA. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

17. Miscellaneous

a. Staff Report -

Levy reported on pending legislation, AB 361 regarding the Open Meeting laws that

would allow the Board to meet virtually during a proclaimed state of emergency.	
b. Outside Professionals' Report -	
None	

c. Trustees' comments -

<u>Kroll</u> said he may not be able to attend the NCPERS Fall Conference.

It was M/S/C to adjourn the meeting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

Scott Gordon, Chairman	Jerry Holcombe, Secretary



RETIREMENT BOARD MEETING MINUTES

REGULAR MEETING September 22, 2021 9:00 a.m.

The Board of Retirement meeting was accessible telephonically at (669) 900-6833, Webinar ID 818 4036 5713, Passcode 321788 as permitted by Executive Order N-29-20 issued on March 17, 2020.

1. Pledge of Allegiance

The Board and staff joined in the *Pledge of Allegiance*.

2. Roll Call

Present: Candace Andersen, Dennis Chebotarev, Donald Finley, Scott Gordon, Jerry

Holcombe, Louie Kroll, Jay Kwon, David MacDonald, John Phillips, Reggie

Powell, Mike Sloan and Russell Watts.

Absent: None

Staff: Gail Strohl, Chief Executive Officer; Christina Dunn, Deputy Chief Executive

Officer; Timothy Price, Chief Investment Officer; Karen Levy, General Counsel; Anne Sommers, Administrative/HR Manager; Henry Gudino, Accounting

Manager; and Jasmine Lee, Member Services Manager.

Outside Professional Support: Representing:

Paul Angelo Segal Consulting Andy Yeung Segal Consulting

Kenneth Mertz Emerald Investment Advisers or LLC

Stacey Sears Emerald Investment Advisers
Joe Garner Emerald Investment Advisors

Scott Whalen Verus Investments
John Wasnock Verus Investments

3. Accept comments from the public

Marlene Grant, retiree, expressed her frustrations with the service she received from the Pacific Group Insurance and questioned why they are automatically renewed each year.

4. Approval of Minutes

It was **M/S/C** to approve the minutes from the August 25, 2021 Board meeting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

5. Consider and take possible action to accept the GASB 68 report from Segal Consulting

Angelo presented the GASB 68 Actuarial Valuation based on a December 31, 2020 measurement date for employer reporting as of June 30, 2021.

It was **M/S/C** to accept the GASB 68 report from Segal Consulting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

6. <u>Consider and take possible action to amend the Interest Crediting and Excess Earnings</u> Policy

Strohl reviewed the proposed amendments to the Interest Crediting and Excess Earnings Policy.

It was M/S/C to amend the Interest Crediting and Excess Earnings Policy with the definitions to be amended to define Board. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, Kroll, MacDonald, Phillips and Watts)

7. Review of report on Growth Sub-portfolio

Price reviewed the role of the Growth in CCCERA's portfolio noting it is intended to fund future benefit payments.

Taylor reviewed the US equity markets noting that in December the Board approved an increased allocation to the asset class and that the US equity markets have outperformed all other markets.

8. Presentation from Emerald Investment Advisers

Mertz reviewed their corporate profile, their team, and their investment research process. He reviewed CCCERA's performance and top ten holdings by market value as of June 30, 2021. He also reviewed CCCERA's updated performance as of September 9, 2021.

Sears reviewed their investment process, their performance for the 2nd quarter of 2021, and the market outlook.

Garner reviewed their equity portfolio managers and analysts. He also reviewed their top 10 contributors and top 10 detractors to their portfolio performance.

9. Review of Real Estate performance and pacing recommendation

Whalen reviewed CCCERA's private real estate performance and pacing recommendations.

Wasnock reviewed the current environment, potential risks, and outlook of the private real estate strategies within CCCERA's private real estate portfolio.

Kroll was no longer present for subsequent discussion and voting

10. Update on private equity commitments

Price gave an update on private equity commitments noting CCCERA made three commitments to private equity funds using the delegated authority granted in the Investment Policy Statement.

11. Consider and take possible action to cancel the Board meeting of October 13, 2021

It was **M/S/C** to cancel the October 13, 2021 Board meeting. (Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe, MacDonald, Phillips, Sloan and Watts)

12. Miscellaneous

a. Staff Report -

<u>Levy</u> reported on the passage of AB 361 which grants boards the flexibility to continue to meet virtually during a state-proclaimed emergency noting that the bill passed as an emergency which makes it effective immediately. She stated that at the next Board meeting the Board can consider the circumstances in our area and make determinations on how public meetings will be held going forward.

<u>Strohl</u> reported CCCERA's boardroom is not currently set up for hybrid meetings. She also reported we continue to offer in-person appointments but there is still a low demand for that.

b. Outside Professionals' Report -

None

c. Trustees' comments -

<u>Sloan</u> reported the CRCEA Conference in Long Beach could be cancelled due to the number of registrations.

Additional public comment

Dunn read the following into public comment:

Melissa Hagan, legacy member, or dollars are not being returned to he	commented she is extremely upset that her contribution ner.
It was M/S/C to adjourn the meeting. MacDonald, Phillips, Sloan and Watts)	(Yes: Andersen, Chebotarev, Finley, Gordon, Holcombe,
Scott Gordon, Chairman	Jerry Holcombe, Secretary

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Meeting Date
10/27/2021
Agenda Item
#6

BOARD OF RETIREMENT

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Items requiring Board Action

A. Certifications of Membership – see list and classification forms.

B. Service and Disability Retirement Allowances:

		Effective	Option	1	
<u>Name</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Tier</u>	<u>Selected</u>
Anderson, Donna	D3406	03/31/21	SR	Tier I	Unmodified
Arnold, Gregory	64438	07/01/21	SR	Safety A	Unmodified
Averilla, Christine	62682	03/31/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Black, Reed	D3301	06/01/21	SR	Tier II and III	Option 2
Bryrant, Candice	53146	05/14/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Campbell, Bryan	64158	07/01/21	SR	Safety A	Unmodified
Carrillo, Scott	D7830	09/24/21	SR	Tier I and S/A	Unmodified
Chamberlin, Todd	50300	10/03/17	NSCD	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Dao, Huy	64602	06/30/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
DelChiaro, Sherri	47088	07/01/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Dodson, Curtiss	67222	06/18/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Erickson, Robert	68079	05/08/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Favalora, Frank	D3406	03/13/21	SR	Tier I	Unmodified
Ferguson, Susan	75787	06/01/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Ham, James	75757	06/30/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Hernandez, Renier	71274	06/18/21	SR	Safety A	Unmodified
Impastato, Nicki	67211	10/19/20	SCD	Tier I and III	Unmodified
Juarez, Raul	53254	05/05/21	SR	Safety A	Unmodified
Kent, Terrie	41792	06/01/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Kinard, Lathard	55006	04/09/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
King, Doris	48185	06/01/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Lares, Joann	68877	05/31/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
Lively, Daniel	50106	12/01/20	SR	Tier II and III	Option 2
Mackay, Derek	82205	04/06/21	SR	Pepra 5.2	Option 1
Madrid, Jaime	56412	06/01/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
McDonald, Toni	50470	06/01/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
Nunley, Valerie	75137	04/24/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified

Option Type

NSP = Non-Specified

SCD = Service Connected Disability

SR = Service Retirement

NSCD = Non-Service Connected Disability

* = County Advance

Selected w/option

Tier

 Pepra 4.2 = Pepra Tier 4 (2% COLA) Pepra 4.3 = Pepra Tier 4 (3% COLA)

Pepra 5.2 = Pepra Tier 5 (2% COLA) Pepra 5.3 = Pepra Tier 5 (3% COLA)

S/D = Pepra Safety Tier D S/E = Pepra Safety Tier E

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

BOARD OF RETIREMENT

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66957	03/31/21	SR	Tier III	Option 2
60833	05/15/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
69646	05/31/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
76500	06/15/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
82945	02/28/20	SR	Pepra 5.2	Unmodified
D3406	06/04/21	SR	Tier I	Unmodified
67240	05/13/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
D9500	06/02/21	SR	Pepra 5.3	Unmodified
56531	06/16/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
71622	07/07/21	SR	Safety A	Unmodified
48952	04/09/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
69266 A/P	05/05/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
D9991	07/29/21	SR	Safety A	Option 4
86469	05/29/21	SR	Tier III	Option 2
55788	06/24/21	SR	Tier II and III	Unmodified
70515	03/30/21	SR	Tier III	Unmodified
	60833 69646 76500 82945 D3406 67240 D9500 56531 71622 48952 69266 A/P D9991 86469 55788	60833 05/15/21 69646 05/31/21 76500 06/15/21 82945 02/28/20 D3406 06/04/21 67240 05/13/21 D9500 06/02/21 56531 06/16/21 71622 07/07/21 48952 04/09/21 69266 A/P 05/05/21 D9991 07/29/21 86469 05/29/21 55788 06/24/21	60833 05/15/21 SR 69646 05/31/21 SR 76500 06/15/21 SR 82945 02/28/20 SR D3406 06/04/21 SR 67240 05/13/21 SR D9500 06/02/21 SR 56531 06/16/21 SR 71622 07/07/21 SR 48952 04/09/21 SR 69266 A/P 05/05/21 SR D9991 07/29/21 SR 86469 05/29/21 SR 55788 06/24/21 SR	60833 05/15/21 SR Tier II and III 69646 05/31/21 SR Tier III 76500 06/15/21 SR Tier III 82945 02/28/20 SR Pepra 5.2 D3406 06/04/21 SR Tier I 67240 05/13/21 SR Tier III D9500 06/02/21 SR Pepra 5.3 56531 06/16/21 SR Tier III 71622 07/07/21 SR Safety A 48952 04/09/21 SR Tier II and III 69266 A/P 05/05/21 SR Tier III D9991 07/29/21 SR Safety A 86469 05/29/21 SR Tier III 55788 06/24/21 SR Tier II and III

C. Disability Retirement Applications: The Board's Hearing Officer is hereby authorized to issue subpoenas in the following cases involving disability applications:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Filed</u>	<u>Type</u>
Amott, Emily	62365	09/14/21	SCD
Weber, Marc	67625	09/27/21	SCD

D. Deaths:

<u>Name</u>	Date of Death	Employer as of Date of Death
Bledsoe, Jessica	08/02/21	Contra Costa County
Bortin, Beverly	06/22/21	Contra Costa County
Burrious, Dale	07/01/21	Contra Costa County
Carter, Dizella	07/30/21	Contra Costa County Housing Authority
Hatch, Vivian	08/21/21	Contra Costa County
Johnson, Willette	07/23/21	Contra Costa County
Lawson, Herbert	08/24/21	Contra Costa County
Ledet, Patricia	09/01/21	Contra Costa County

Option Type <u>Tier</u>

NSP = Non-Specified

SCD = Service Connected Disability

SR = Service Retirement

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* = County Advance

Selected w/option

Pepra 4.2 = Pepra Tier 4 (2% COLA) Pepra 4.3 = Pepra Tier 4 (3% COLA) Pepra 5.2 = Pepra Tier 5 (2% COLA) Pepra 5.3 = Pepra Tier 5 (3% COLA)

> S/D = Pepra Safety Tier D S/E = Pepra Safety Tier E

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

BOARD OF RETIREMENT

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Lovan, Patricia	07/27/21	Contra Costa County
Lowe, Richard	09/15/21	Contra Costa County Housing Authority
Lucas, Paul	08/14/21	Orinda Fire Department
Malaspina, Linda	09/02/21	Central Contra Costa Sanitary District
Massone, Michael	09/19/21	Contra Costa County Fire Protection District
Mc Clough, Barbara	08/29/21	Contra Costa County
Mc Tigue, Elaine	09/08/21	Contra Costa County
Molloy, Patricia	08/13/21	Contra Costa County
Nakamura, George	09/10/21	Contra Costa County
Page-Smith, Gayle	08/13/21	Contra Costa County
Sanders, Judith	07/24/21	Superior Courts of Contra Costa County
Somerville, June	08/31/21	Contra Costa County Fire Protection District
Stanley, Roger	09/07/21	Contra Costa County Fire Protection District
Sutter, Russell	08/12/21	Contra Costa County
Thornton, Michael	08/14/21	Central Contra Costa Sanitary District
Zech, Mayola	09/06/21	Contra Costa County

Option Type

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Selected w/option

Tier

Pepra 4.2 = Pepra Tier 4 (2% COLA) Pepra 4.3 = Pepra Tier 4 (3% COLA) Pepra 5.2 = Pepra Tier 5 (2% COLA) Pepra 5.3 = Pepra Tier 5 (3% COLA)

> S/D = Pepra Safety Tier D S/E = Pepra Safety Tier E

CERTIFICATION OF MEMBERSHIPS

	Employee		Membership	
Name	Number	Tier	Date	Employer
Adeyemi, Iyadunni	77378	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Alcala, Audrea	81070	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Alvarado, Chloe	89578	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Amaral, Kevin	90910	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Appelgren, Anabel	90920	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Arvin, Sean	90904	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Baldwin, Beth	79348	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Boyd, Monica	60517	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Brown, Tamia	90875	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Bui, Thi	90864	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Carter, Tadjelisa	90912	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Cerda, Marie	D3301	P5.3	08/01/21	Contra Costa Mosquito Abatement District
Chamaeva, Eugenia	90879	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Chavez, Daniel	90885	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Chavez, Suzanne	90880	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Cruz, Bianca	90862	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Dao, Kim	85319	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
De Joya, Roxan	86431	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
DeGruy, Sean	90918	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Delgado, Christine	90887	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Driggers Jr, Samuel	90791	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
DuBois, Evan	90930	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Dwyer, Timothy	90873	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Egeolu, Ijeoma	90889	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Ewing, Parker	D3406	P4.3	08/01/21	Central Contra Costa Sanitary District
Fernandez, Marcia	90915	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Field, Stephen	90961	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Fithian, Charles	90836	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Flores, Georgia Nicole	89133	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Franco, Madaly	70709	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Garrotto, Cristina	90926	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Giolli-Hornstein, Michelle	90839	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Gomez, Elsa	89702	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Gong, Tommy	90858	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Groom, Lynnette	90934	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Harris, Tarramazz	90899	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Hartman, Nicole	90888	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
House, Ishia	D9500	P5.3	08/01/21	Contra Costa County Superior Courts
Howell, Joseph	90838	III	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Huether, Garrick	90909	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County

	,	
I = Tier I	P4.2 = PEPRA Tier 4 (2% COLA)	S/A = Safety Tier A
II = Tier II	P4.3 = PEPRA Tier 4 (3% COLA)	S/C = Safety Tier C
III = Tier III	P5.2 = PEPRA Tier 5 (2% COLA)	S/D = Safety Tier D
	P5.3 = PEPRA Tier 5 (3% COLA)	S/E = Safety Tier E

CERTIFICATION OF MEMBERSHIPS

	Employee		Membership	
Name	Number	Tier	Date	Employer
Ignacio, Sheri-Marika	90861	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Jaramillo, Ginger	90894	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Juridico, Jessica	90892	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Karraker, Jessica	90837	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Kennedy, Larry	D3406	P4.3	08/01/21	Central Contra Costa Sanitary District
Kimball, Laura	89483	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Kim-Duggan, Dohun	90916	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Kwok, Steven	90921	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Lawson, Stacy	90857	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Lopez, Thania	90893	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Luong, Anne	84893	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Macias, Brandon	90927	S/E	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Magat, Ferdinand	90841	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Martin, Lisa	D3406	P4.3	08/01/21	Central Contra Costa Sanitary District
Matthews, Janice	79670	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Mayer, Mason	90905	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
McHugh, Rhonda	90616	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Mendoza Larios, Irene	90856	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Ngadon, Tenzin	90854	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Nichols, Ezekiel	87504	P5.2	07/01/21	Contra Costa County
Nuti, Elizabeth	89937	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Perez Cota, Ibeth	88789	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Pham, Alexandra	88207	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Raatz, Courtney	90907	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Reikes, Benjamin	D7274	P4.3	05/01/21	Moraga-Orinda Fire District
Roach, Krystia	D9500	P5.3	08/01/21	Contra Costa County Superior Courts
Robery, Spencer	90911	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Rodriguez, Adriana	D9500	P5.3	08/01/21	Contra Costa County Superior Courts
Rodriguez, Alma	90931	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Rodriguez, Heather	62258	III	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Russaw, Alana	90895	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Salem, Angelica	90913	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Segura, Tara	90870	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Shawd, Elliott	90922	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Simpkins, Madeline	90884	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Sloan, Marisol	90865	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Tagaloa, Pekina	D9500	P5.3	08/01/21	Contra Costa County Superior Courts
Tate, Monique	90937	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Vakili, Kathrina	90851	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Van Slooten, Breann	90938	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County

I = Tier I	P4.2 = PEPRA Tier 4 (2% COLA)	S/A = Safety Tier A
II = Tier II	P4.3 = PEPRA Tier 4 (3% COLA)	S/C = Safety Tier C
III = Tier III	P5.2 = PEPRA Tier 5 (2% COLA)	S/D = Safety Tier D
	P5.3 = PEPRA Tier 5 (3% COLA)	S/E = Safety Tier E

CERTIFICATION OF MEMBERSHIPS

	Employee		Membership	
Name	Number	Tier	Date	Employer
Vo, Jason	83630	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Winn, Alexis	74332	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Yang, Nathanael	90886	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Yegorov, German	90906	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County
Zurita-Cruz, Hector	90890	P5.2	08/01/21	Contra Costa County

I = Tier I	P4.2 = PEPRA Tier 4 (2% COLA)	S/A = Safety Tier A
II = Tier II	P4.3 = PEPRA Tier 4 (3% COLA)	S/C = Safety Tier C
III = Tier III	P5.2 = PEPRA Tier 5 (2% COLA)	S/D = Safety Tier D
	P5.3 = PEPRA Tier 5 (3% COLA)	S/E = Safety Tier E

TIER CHANGES

	Employee	Old	New	Effective		
Name	Number	Tier	Tier	Date	Employer	Reason for Change
Periasamy, Yogalakshmi	90656	P5.2	III	06/01/21	Contra Costa County	Recip In Age and Tier Change

I = Tier I	P4.2 = PEPRA Tier 4 (2% COLA)	S/A = Safety Tier A
II = Tier II	P4.3 = PEPRA Tier 4 (3% COLA)	S/C = Safety Tier C
III = Tier III	P5.2 = PEPRA Tier 5 (2% COLA)	S/D = Safety Tier D
	P5.3 = PEPRA Tier 5 (3% COLA)	S/E = Safety Tier E

Contra Costa County Employees' Retirement Association Asset Allocation as of August 31, 2021



Liquidity	Market Value	Percentage of Total Fund	Current Target* Percentage	Current Target Over/(Under)	Long Term Target	Long Term Over/(Under)
Sit	589,409,159	5.1%	7.0%	-1.9%		
Dimensional Fund Advisors	320,059,516	2.8%	4.0%	-1.2%		
Insight	840,727,021	7.3%	7.0%	0.3%		
Total Liquidity	1,750,195,697	15.3%	18.0%	-2.7%	17.0%	-1.7%
			nge			
Growth		111-	-22%			
Domestic Equity						
Boston Partners	392,072,053	3.4%	4.0%	-0.6%		
Jackson Square	350,142,430	3.1%	4.0%	-0.9%		
BlackRock Index Fund	616,509,076	5.4%	5.0%	0.4%		
Emerald Advisors	263,237,368	2.3%	1.5%	0.8%		
Ceredex	201,616,822	1.8%	1.5%	0.3%		
Total Domestic Equity	1,823,577,749	15.9%	16.0%	-0.1%	13.0%	2.9%
Global & International Equity						
Pyrford (BMO)	503,462,245	4.4%	4.0%	0.4%		
William Blair	585,988,420	5.1%	4.0%	1.1%		
First Eagle	516,972,053	4.5%	4.5%	0.0%		
Artisan Global Opportunities	633,122,317	5.5%	4.5%	1.0%		
PIMCO/RAE Emerging Markets	399,601,305	3.5%	4.0%	-0.5%		
TT Emerging Markets	471,829,196	4.1%	4.0%	0.1%		
Total Global & International Equity	3,110,975,535	27.2%	25.0%	2.2%	19.0%	8.2%
Private Equity**	1,270,039,002	11.1%	11.0%	0.1%	18.0%	-6.9%
Private Credit	767,936,970	6.7%	8.0%	-1.3%	13.0%	-6.3%
Real Estate - Value Add	202,263,464	1.8%	4.0%	-2.2%	5.0%	-3.2%
Real Estate - Opportunistic & Distress	406,681,132	3.5%	4.0%	-0.5%	5.0%	-1.5%
Real Estate - REIT (Adelante)	101,864,440	0.9%	2.0%	-1.1%	0.0%	0.9%
High Yield (Allianz)	182,178,349	1.6%	2.0%	-0.4%	0.0%	1.6%
Risk Parity			3.0%	1.4%	3.0%	1.4%
AQR GRP EL	226,766,337	2.0%				
PanAgora	277,563,618	2.4%	2 / 22/			4.4.00/
Total Other Growth Assets	3,435,293,312	30.0%	34.0%	-4.0%	44.0%	-14.0%
Total Growth Assets	8,369,846,596	73.0%	75.0%	-2.0%	76.0%	-3.0%
			nge -85%			
Risk Diversifying						
AFL-CIO	266,245,990	2.3%	2.5%	-0.2%	2.5%	-0.2%
Parametric Defensive Equity	114,502,374	1.0%	1.5%	-0.5%	1.5%	-0.5%
Acadian MAARS	182,034,158	1.6%	1.5%	0.1%	1.5%	0.1%
Sit LLCAR	208,512,016	1.8%	1.5%		1.5%	
Wellington Real Total Return	132,391	0.0%	0.0%			
Total Risk Diversifying	771,426,929	6.7%	7.0%	-0.3%	7.0%	-0.3%
			inge - 10%			
Cash and Overlay	ı	2,0		1		
Overlay (Parametric)	154,832,322	1.4%		1.4%		
Cash	411,957,346	3.6%		3.6%		
Total Cash and Overlay	566,789,667	4.9%	0.0%	4.9%	0.0%	4.9%
Total Fund	11 450 350 000	1000/	1000/		1000/	
Total Fund	11,458,258,889	100%	100%		100%	

^{*}Current targets and ranges reflect asset allocation targets accepted by the Board on April 28, 2021 (BOR Resolution 2021-4).

^{**}Private Equity long-term target includes Real Assets/Infrastructure (see Asset Allocation Mix 5 adopted December 9, 2020).

Private Market Investments As of August 31, 2021

REAL ESTATE - Value Add	Inception	Target	# of	Discretion	New Target	Funding	Market	% of	Outstanding
	Date	Termination	Extension	by GP/LP	Termination	Commitment	Value	Total Asset	Commitment
Invesco IREF III	08/01/13	08/01/20				35,000,000	162,593	0.00%	
Invesco IREF IV	12/01/14	12/01/21				35,000,000	16,395,885	0.14%	4,453,599
Invesco IREF V	09/11/18	09/11/25				75,000,000	61,399,552	0.54%	21,256,455
Long Wharf FREG IV	08/14/13	09/30/21				25,000,000	1,702,678	0.01%	
Long Wharf FREG V	10/31/16	09/30/24				50,000,000	33,541,147	0.29%	
Long Wharf LREP VI	02/05/20	02/05/28				50,000,000	13,090,686	0.11%	33,723,223
LaSalle Income & Growth Fund VI	01/31/12	01/31/19				75,000,000	19,683,553	0.17%	3,946,000
LaSalle Income & Growth Fund VII	10/31/16	09/30/24				75,000,000	56,287,370	0.49%	8,502,404
•						630,000,000	202,263,464	1.77%	71,881,682

Outstanding Commitments

71,881,682

274,145,146

REAL ESTATE -Opportunistic & Distressed	inception	Target	# OT	Discretion	New Target	Funding	iviarket	% OT	Outstanding
	Date	Termination	Extension	by GP/LP	Termination	Commitment	Value	Total Asset	Commitment
DLJ Real Estate Capital Partners, L.P. III	06/30/05	06/30/14	in full liq.			75,000,000	15,282,500	0.13%	4,031,338
DLJ Real Estate Capital Partners, L.P. IV	12/31/07	09/30/18				100,000,000	54,502,575	0.48%	1,876,084
DLJ Real Estate Capital Partners, L.P. V	07/31/13	12/31/22				75,000,000	64,445,186	0.56%	5,200,784
DLJ Real Estate Capital Partners, L.P. VI	02/28/19	01/31/29				50,000,000	30,980,750	0.27%	21,346,526
Oaktree Real Estate Opportunities Fund V	02/01/11	02/01/21				50,000,000	1,749,127	0.02%	25,750,000
Oaktree Real Estate Opportunities Fund VI	09/30/13	09/30/20				80,000,000	27,743,023	0.24%	18,400,000
Oaktree Real Estate Opportunities Fund VII	02/28/15	02/28/23				65,000,000	42,584,000	0.37%	16,120,000
Siguler Guff Distressed Real Estate Opp. Fund	07/30/11	07/30/22				75,000,000	22,136,197	0.19%	5,625,000
Siguler Guff Distressed Real Estate Opp. Fund II	08/31/13	08/31/25				70,000,000	41,702,206	0.36%	8,015,000
Siguler Guff Distressed Real Estate Opp. II Co-Inv	01/31/16	10/31/25				25,000,000	15,795,735	0.14%	4,462,138
Paulson Real Estate Fund II	11/10/13	11/10/20				20,000,000	19,231,221	0.17%	654,377
Angelo Gordon Realty Fund VIII	12/31/11	12/31/18				80,000,000	18,487,795	0.16%	12,334,302
Angelo Gordon Realty Fund IX	10/10/14	10/10/22				65,000,000	52,040,817	0.45%	7,572,500
		•	•			830.000.000	406.681.132	3.55%	131.388.049

Outstanding Commitments

131,388,049 538,069,181

Total

PRIVATE CREDIT

Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund III
Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund IV
Torchlight Debt Opportunity Fund V
Angelo Gordon Energy Credit Opportunities
CCCERA StepStone

Inception Date	Target Termination	# of Extension	Discretion by GP/LP	New Target Termination	Funding Commitment	Market Value	% of Total Asset	Outstanding Commitment
09/30/08	06/30/16	2nd 1 YR	LP	06/30/18	75,000,000	0	0.00%	0
08/01/12	08/30/20				60,000,000	8,857,430	0.08%	0
12/31/14	09/17/22				75,000,000	17,727,798	0.15%	15,000,000
09/10/15	09/10/20				16,500,000	3,274,937	0.03%	2,319,783
12/01/17	11/30/27				1,020,000,000	738,076,805	6.44%	399,371,709
					1,374,500,000	767,936,970	6.70%	416,691,492

Outstanding Commitments Total 416,691,492 1,184,628,462

Private Market Investments As of August 31, 2021

PRIVATE EQUITY	Inception	Target	# of	Discretion	New Target	Funding	Market	% of	Outstanding
	Date	Termination	Extension	by GP/LP	Termination	Commitment	Value	Total Asset	Commitment
Adams Street Partners	12/22/95					269,565,614	182,985,207	1.60%	20,892,580
Adams Street Secondary II	12/31/08	12/31/20				30,000,000	4,949,864	0.04%	1,635,000
Adams Street Secondary V	10/31/12					40,000,000	19,063,555	0.17%	9,154,125
Adams Street Venture Innovation Fund	03/09/16	03/09/28				75,000,000	148,213,851	1.29%	15,712,500
AE Industrial Partners Fund II	05/18/18	05/18/28				35,000,000	30,867,626	0.27%	15,276,467
Bay Area Equity Fund	06/14/04	12/31/14	2nd 2 YR	LP	12/31/2017	10,000,000	2,389,492	0.02%	0
Bay Area Equity Fund II	2/29/09	12/31/19				10,000,000	12,656,090	0.11%	0
Carpenter Community BancFund	10/31/09	10/31/19				30,000,000	0	0.00%	0
EIF USPF II	06/15/05	06/15/15	3rd 1 YR	LP	06/15/18	50,000,000	4,883,535	0.04%	0
EIF USPF III	02/28/07	02/28/17	1st 1 YR	LP	02/28/18	65,000,000	20,836,279	0.18%	0
EIF USPF IV	06/28/10	06/28/20				50,000,000	34,605,663	0.30%	(383,080)
Ares EIF V	09/09/15	11/19/25				50,000,000	21,686,489	0.19%	22,742,894
Genstar Capital Partners IX	02/18/19	02/18/29				50,000,000	59,368,285	0.52%	6,214,628
Genstar Capital Partners X	04/01/21	04/01/31				42,500,000	0	0.00%	42,500,000
GTCR VIII	10/27/20					50,000,000	1,043,494	0.01%	50,000,000
Hellman & Friedman Capital Partners	05/10/21	05/10/31				75,000,000	0	0.00%	75,000,000
Oaktree Private Investment Fund 2009	02/28/10	12/15/19				40,000,000	1,265,097	0.01%	6,308,961
Ocean Avenue Fund II	05/07/14	05/07/24				30,000,000	27,153,134	0.24%	3,000,000
Ocean Avenue Fund III	12/09/15	12/09/25				50,000,000	44,100,795	0.38%	6,000,000
Paladin III	08/15/08	08/15/18				25,000,000	27,754,533	0.24%	419,157
Pathway	11/09/98	05/31/21				125,000,000	8,706,761	0.08%	10,590,894
Pathway 2008	12/26/08	12/26/23				30,000,000	20,988,116	0.18%	2,959,145
Pathway 6	05/24/11	05/24/26				40,000,000	46,515,480	0.41%	3,694,214
Pathway 7	02/07/13	02/07/23				70,000,000	89,164,214	0.78%	5,514,253
Pathway 8	11/23/15	11/23/25				50,000,000	73,118,879	0.64%	5,785,840
Siguler Guff CCCERA Opportunities	06/03/14	05/31/25				200,000,000	157,637,381	1.38%	29,597,500
Siguler Guff Secondary Opportunities	12/31/16	12/31/26				50,000,000	0	0.00%	0
Siris Partners IV	05/18/18	05/18/28				35,000,000	26,139,108	0.23%	14,895,014
TPG Healthcare Partners, L.P.	06/27/19	06/27/29				24,000,000	8,584,037	0.07%	17,127,594
Trident VIII, L.P.	05/24/19	05/24/29				40,000,000	33,753,971	0.29%	10,202,086
Real Assets									
Aether III & III Surplus	11/30/13	11/30/20				75,000,000	60,355,398	0.53%	4,032,557
Aether IV	01/01/16	01/01/28				50,000,000	46,805,709	0.41%	6,925,464
Commonfund Capital Natural Resources IX	06/30/13	06/30/20				50,000,000	37,971,266	0.33%	4,100,006
Wastewater Opportunity Fund	12/31/15	11/30/22				25,000,000	16,475,694	0.14%	1,320,083
		<u> </u>				1,986,065,614	1,270,039,002	12.68%	391,217,881

Outstanding Commitments Total 391,217,881 1,661,256,883

Market value equals the most recent reported net asset value, plus capital calls after net asset value date, less distributions after net asset value date. The Target Termination column is the beginning of liquidation of the fund, however, some funds may be extended for an additional two or three years.





Contra Costa County Employees' Retirement Association Liquidity Report – August 2021

August 2021 Performance

	Cash Flow	Coverage Ratio
Benefit Cash Flow Projected by Model	\$45,000,000	
Liquidity Sub-Portfolio Cash Flow	\$45,000,000	100%
Actual Benefits Paid	\$45,299,653	99.3%
Next Month's Projected Benefit Payment	\$45,000,000	

Monthly Manager Positioning - August 2021

	Beginning Market Value	Liquidity Program Cash Flow	Market Value Change/Other Activity	Ending Market Value
Sit	\$595,842,855	(\$5,000,000)	(\$1,433,696)	\$589,409,159
DFA	\$323,385,343	(\$3,000,000)	(\$325,827)	\$320,059,516
Insight	\$877,285,915	(\$37,000,000)	\$441,107	\$840,727,021
Liquidity	\$1,796,514,113	(\$45,000,000)	(\$1,318,417)	\$1,750,195,697
Cash	\$771,287,846	(\$299,653)	(\$359,030,847)	\$411,957,346
Liquidity + Cash	\$2,567,801,959	(\$45,299,653)	(\$360,349,264)	\$2,162,153,043

Functional Roles

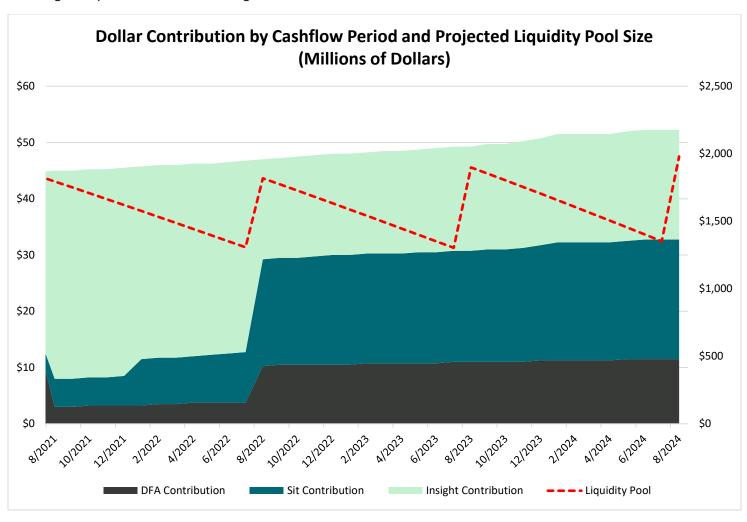
Manager	Portfolio Characteristics	Liquidity Contribution	
Sit	High quality portfolio of small balance,	alance, Pays out net income on monthly basis.	
	government guaranteed mortgages		
	with higher yields.		
DFA High quality, short duration portfolio of Pays out a pre-determ		Pays out a pre-determined monthly amount. DFA	
	liquid, low volatility characteristics.	sources liquidity from across their portfolio.	
Insight Buy and maintain (limited trading) Completion portfolio ma		Completion portfolio makes a payment through net	
	portfolio of high quality, short duration,	income and bond maturities that bridges the gap	
	primarily corporates.	between other managers and projected payment.	
Cash	STIF account at custodial bank.	Buffer in the event of any Liquidity shortfall/excess.	

Notes

The eighth cash flow for 2021 from the liquidity program was completed on August 23rd. The actuarial model cash flow was slightly lower than actual experience, producing \$300 thousand less than the actual benefits paid.

Cash Flow Structure

The chart below shows the sources of cash flow for the next three years of CCCERA's projected benefit payments. This table will change slightly as the model is tweaked and as the portfolios receive new rounds of funding each August as part of the Annual Funding Plan.





Rishi Garbharran

Investment Officer

Private Credit Overview

October 27, 2021

Role of Private Credit in CCCERA Portfolio

CCCERA Long-Term Asset Allocation Targets

Growth (76%)

Range = 65-85%

Public Equity (32%)

Private Equity (15%)

Private Credit (13%)

Real Estate (10%)

Real Assets (3%)

Risk Parity (3%)

Liquidity (17%) Range = 11-22%

Public Debt (17%)

Risk Diversifying (7%)
Range = 0-10%

Low Beta Strategies (7%)

- Began investing in second quarter of 2018
- Long-term return target = 10% net IRR
- Long-term asset allocation target = 13% of CCCERA portfolio
- Full deployment projected for 2024
 - ~\$1.5 billion targeted program size in 2024



CCCERA Private Credit Program – Key Participants

CCCERA

Monitors Stepstone's implementation of the Private Credit Progam

Stepstone

Implements CCCERA's Private Credit Program – including topdown strategy identification/selection, bottom-up investment manager evaluation/selection, and portfolio management / monitoring

Investment Managers

Source, evaluate, execute, and monitor private credit investments primarily within separately managed accounts or commingled (private equity style) drawdown funds



Meeting Date
10/27/2021
Agenda Item
#7b.



CCCERA Board Presentation Private Debt Update

October 2021

Disclosure



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All data is as of March 2021 unless otherwise noted.

PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS. ACTUAL PERFORMANCE MAY VARY.

Agenda



- I. StepStone Group Update
- II. Market Observations
- III. Review of Private Debt Program
- IV. Private Debt Performance



StepStone Group Overview



StepStone is a global private markets investment firm offering customized solutions and advisory and data services to our clients

\$465B

in private capital allocations,

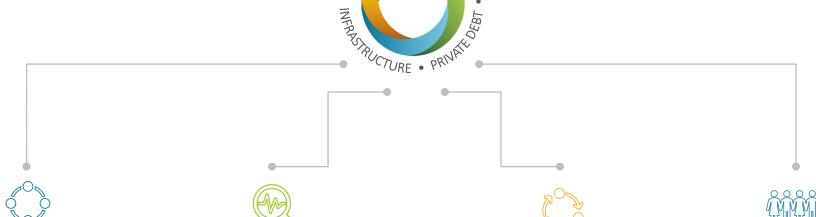
\$90B

assets under management₁

\$50B+

annual commitments₂ 580+

professionals



Private Markets Access

Comprehensive coverage across:

- Private Equity
- Real Estate
- Infrastructure & Real Assets
- Private Debt

Research Focused

StepStone annually conducts:³

- 3,900 manager meetings
- 420 investment committee approvals

Market intelligence on over:

- 14,000 GPs
- 38,000 funds
- 66,000 companies

Investment Strategies

Specialized teams covering:

- Fund Investments
- Secondaries
- Co-Investments

Sophisticated Client Base

Creating solutions for:

- Corporations
- Defined Contribution Plans
- Endowments/Foundations
- Insurance Companies
- Pension Funds
- Private Wealth/Family Offices
- Sovereign Wealth Funds

All dollars are USD.

^{1. \$465}B indicates total assets which includes \$90B in assets under management as of June 30, 2021. Reflects final data for the prior period (March 31, 2021), adjusted for net new client account activity through June 30, 2021. Does not include post-period investment valuation or cash activity.

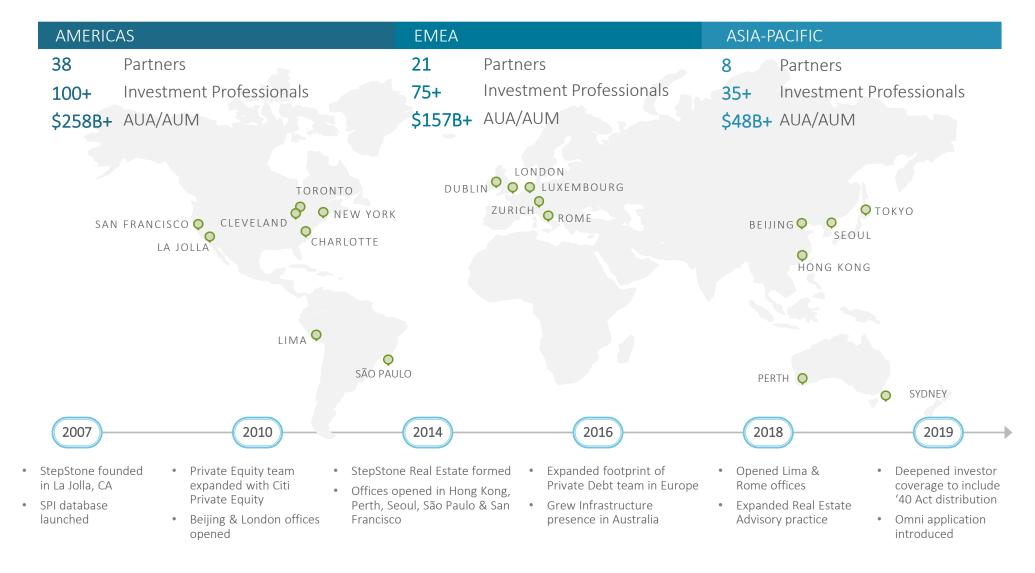
^{2.} StepStone approved over \$50B+ in 2020. Represents StepStone-approved investment commitments on behalf of discretionary and non-discretionary advisory clients. Excludes clientele that receive research-only, non-advisory services. Ultimate client investment commitment figures may vary following completion of final GP acceptance/closing processes.

^{3.} Last twelve months through June 30, 2021.

Global Presence with Deep Relationships



StepStone has strategically grown across 19 offices in 13 countries to build enduring relationships with our clients and GPs



Corporate Private Debt Team



INVESTMENT TEAM PARTNERS



Marcel Schindler Zurich



Urs von Buren Zurich



Meinrad Wyser Zurich



John Bohill Dublin & London



Stephen Penney Dublin



Marc-André Mittermayer Zurich



Aivu Nicholson* New York



Jan Kuhlmann Zurich



Ariel Goldblatt New York

+26 DEDICATED INVESTMENT AND RESEARCH PROFESSIONALS

Srdian Vlaski Managing Director, Zurich Managing Director, Zurich

Bryan O'Dowd Director, Dublin

Edward Panarese* Vice President, New York Vice President, Dublin

Kenneth McLaughlin Sr. Associate, Dublin

Brian Delpit* Sr. Associate, La Jolla

Martin Progin Sr. Analyst. Zurich

Frederik Hädicke Analyst, Zurich

Alesia Dawidowicz

Fabian Körzendörfer Director, Zurich

Barry Trueick

Jared Root Vice President, New York

Kristjan De Lucca Associate, Zurich

Sebastian Dobson Sr. Analyst, London

Kinson Cheung Analyst, New York

Orla Walsh Managing Director, London

Mark Tsang

Director, London

David Han Vice President. New York

Gary Gipkhin Sr. Associate, New York

Alice Song* Associate, New York

Marc Oetiker Analyst, Zurich

Sophie Aslan Director, London

Jovan Samardzic Director, Zurich

Samar Abbas* Vice President. New York

Tamara Milosevic Associate, Zurich

Brendan McDonnell Analyst. Dublin

Niklas Floersch Analyst, London

ADVISORS/ PRODUCT SPECIALIST PARTNERS



Hans-Jörg Baumann Zurich



Christian Hinze Zurich



Matthias Erb Zurich



Zurich



Tobias Meier Zurich



Christian Frei Zurich

+8 DEDICATED PRODUCT SPECIALISTS

Stephan Tscheulin Managing Director, Zurich

Selin Pinarci Vice President, Zurich

Deborah Eggler Vice President, Zurich

Michael Wator Senior Associate, Zurich Marc Lickes Director, Zurich

Paula Hartnett Vice President, Dublin

Luca Hänni Senior Associate. Zurich

Björn Frei Senior Analyst, Zurich

+11 INFRASTRUCTURE & REAL ASSETS

MONITORING & REPORTING

+ 13 REAL ESTATE

+ 46 RESOURCES DEDICATED TO PRIVATE DEBT1

GLOBAL INTEGRATED PLATFORM **OVER 160 PROFESSIONALS**

COMPLIANCE, TAX & LEGAL

MARKETING & CLIENT SERVICES

FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

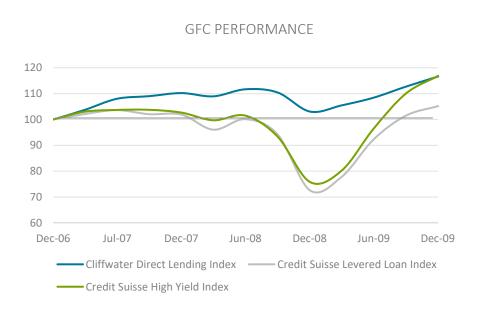




Resilience of Private Debt through Crisis

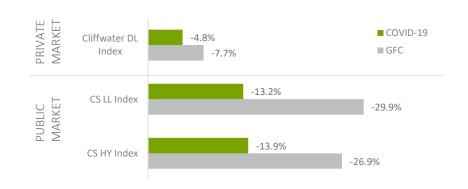


PRIVATE DEBT MARKET RESILIENCY



COVID PERFORMANCE 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 Dec-18 Jul-19 Dec-19 Jun-20 — Cliffwater Direct Lending Index — Credit Suisse Levered Loan Index — Credit Suisse High Yield Index

MAXIMUM DRAWDOWN



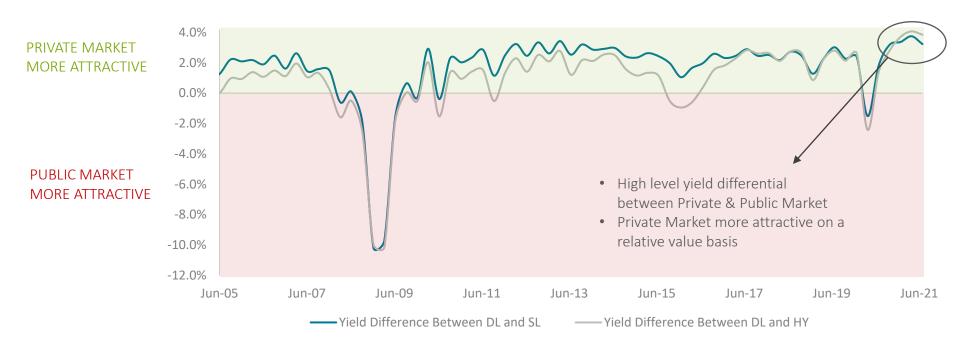
OBSERVATIONS

- Direct lending exhibited robust performance in both the GFC and COVID environment
- In both periods, private debt experienced significantly lower drawdowns relative to the traded public markets
- Even in periods of stress, private debt provided relatively smooth returns without creating excessive volatility

Private Markets Attractive on a Relative Value Basis



DIRECT LENDING REMAINS ATTRACTIVE – YIELD PREMIUM PRIVATE VS. PUBLIC MARKET



ASSET CLASS	ENTRY YIELD	DIFFERENCE VS DL
Direct Lending ¹	8.0%	n/a
Syndicated Loans ²	4.8%	3.2%
High Yield ²	4.2%	3.8%

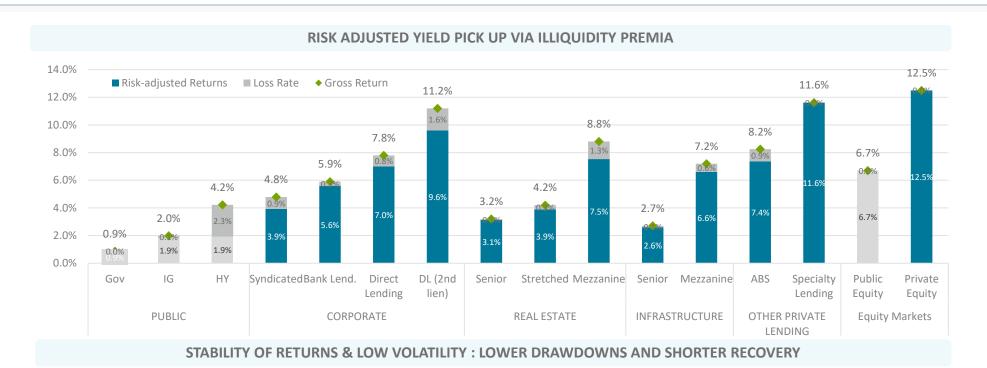
OBSERVATIONS

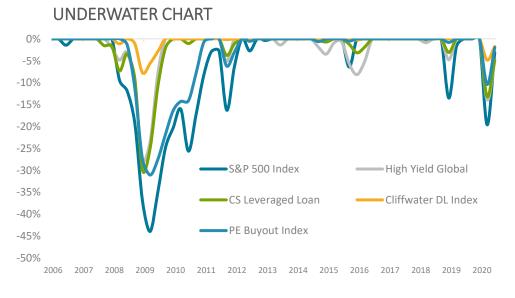
- Public markets are relatively expensive due to unprecedented monetary and fiscal stimulus activity
- On a relative value basis, private markets reached historical highs versus public markets

² For syndicated loans and HY bonds, traded yields are presented as the investors would enter the market at those yields

Increased Attractiveness vs. Public Markets across all PD Asset Classes









Yields and Risk Parameters through COVID-19



PRIMARY MARKET YIELDS - SPIKE CONTAINED BY SEARCH FOR YIELD

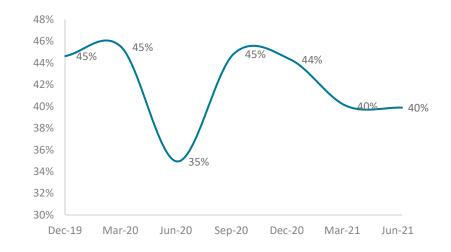
9.2% 9.0% 9.0% 8.8% Primary Yields 8.6% 8.4% 8.2% 8.0% 7.8% 7.8% 7.6% Dec-19 Mar-20 Jun-20 Sep-20 Dec-20 Mar-21

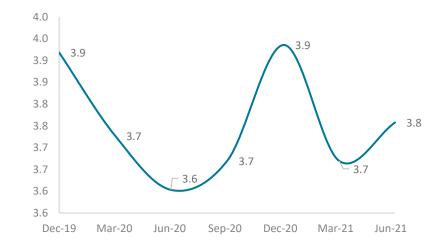
OBSERVATIONS

- Basis for analysis is newly originated first lien secured transactions
- Mainly no- to -low impacted borrowers and industries, i.e., no hard to finance transactions
- Overall clear trend towards pre-crisis levels
- Included # of transactions in the observation:
 - Pre-2020: 289 (US)
 - 2020: 192 (US) & 2021: 174 (US)

LTV & LEVERAGE - COVID-19 PROVIDED LENDER WITH STRONGER NEGOTIATION POWER FOR A SHORT WHILE







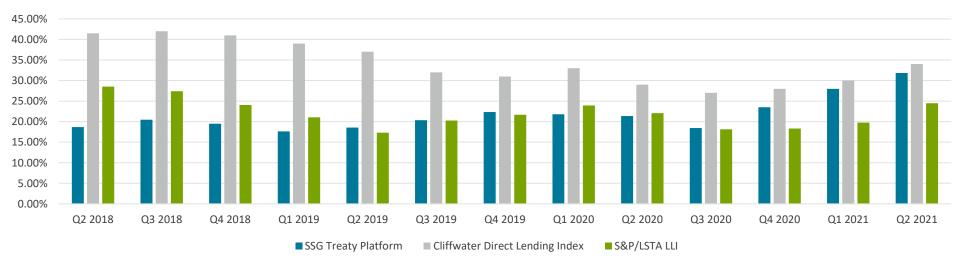




WHAT IS YOUR MINIMUM EBITDA THRESHOLD FOR DOING COVENANT LITE TRANSACTIONS? (% OF RESPONDENTS)



REPAYMENTS



The Good, the continued Challenges & our Solution



THE GOOD – the Direct Lending Market proved its Resilience

CHALLENGES

- Spread tightening
- Leverage / LTV and covenant-lite
- Refinancing and deployment

OUR SOLUTION



- Risk-return (single positions and strategies)
- Deployment (reduced re-investment risk)
- Multi-GP / strategy
- Clear investment guidelines
- Secondaries
- Co-investments
- Relative attractiveness has increased even in lower yielding strategies
- New funding gaps create new attractive investment alternatives and deployment options



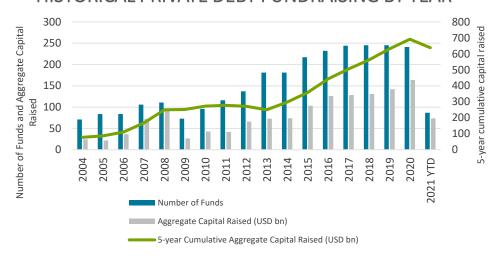
Co-Investment Market Dynamics



ATTRACTIVE MARKET DYNAMICS

- 3,000+ and 500+ primary transactions in the US and Europe per annum
- The number of private debt funds and the amount of capital raised has multiplied since 2009
- Despite COVID-19, record 2H'2020 deployment continuing into 2021

HISTORICAL PRIVATE DEBT FUNDRAISING BY YEAR



BENEFITS

LP

- Stable and diversified returns
- ✓ Typically sourced on a no fee / no carry basis
- Accelerated capital deployment
- ✓ Greater control of portfolio

GP

- Avoid syndicating to competitors
- ✓ Enhance/develop relationships with existing/potential LPs/advisors

CHALLENGES

- Tight timelines
- Participant versus lender of record conundrum

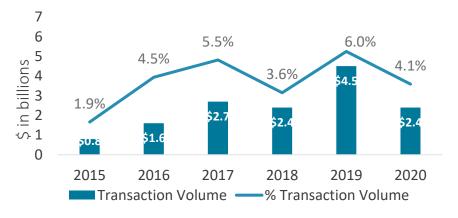
Secondary Market Dynamics



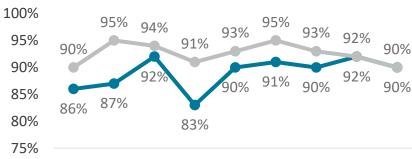
ATTRACTIVE MARKET DYNAMICS

- Private debt secondary volume small portion of overall secondary market (4.1% in 2020)...but growing
- Debt secondary ≠ PE secondary

TRANSACTION VOLUME



AVERAGE PRICING



2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

→ Private Credit → Buyout

BENEFITS

LP

- Reduced deployment duration and faster turnaround on distributions
- Ability to buy at a discount to the Net Asset Value

GP

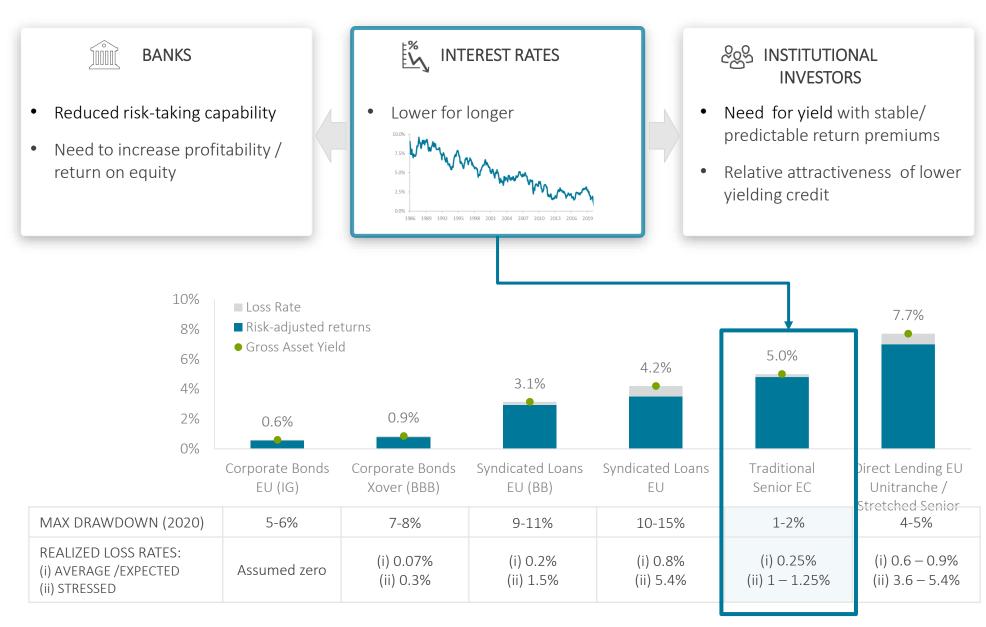
- ✓ Enhance/develop relationships with existing/potential LPs/advisors
- ✓ Free up capital for new investments / reduce individual position concentrations in the case of GP-led secondaries

CHALLENGES

Tight timelines

Relative Attractiveness – Lower Yielding EC Senior





Other Lending Strategies...

... between Two Established Markets



CORPORATE LENDING

Direct Lending

- US
- Europe

Corporate Structured

- CLO Mezz
- CLO Equity
- RegCap

Corporate Niche

- Direct Lending Asia
- Software Lending
- Venture Debt
- Healthcare Lending

SPECIALTY FINANCE

Financial Assets Collateral

- Consumer Lending
- Lending-to-Lenders
- NAV Lending
- Supply Chain Finance

Esoteric

- Royalties
- Litigation

Insurance-linked

- Life Settlement
- Reinsurance

HARD ASSET-BACKED LENDING

Hard Assets/Commodity

- Shipping
- Aviation
- Trade Finance
- Equipment Lease

Real Assets

- RF Debt
- Infra Debt

\$400 - \$500bn.

> \$1'000 bn.

Market sizes represent private debt fund capacity estimated by StepStone

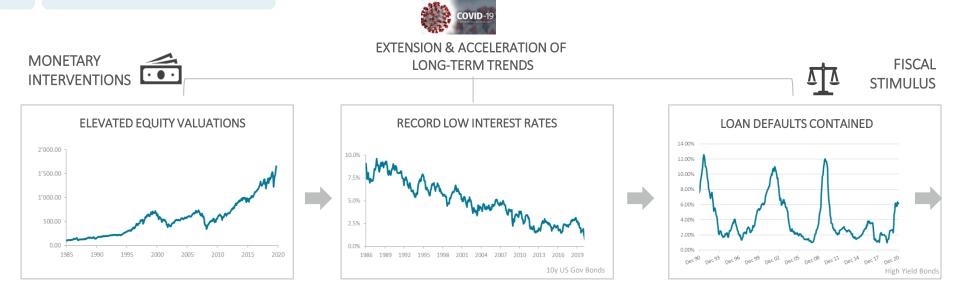
SUMMARY

Private Debt — Investment Implications



1

INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT



2

PRIVATE DEBT MARKET

GPs / SUPPLY

- Acceleration of bank disintermediation
- New investment opportunities for alternative lenders
- Industry consolidation and institutionalization (larger funds / lower returns?)
- Sourcing / fee pressure
- Replacement of Public Markets

CONSEQUENCES FOR PRIVATE DEBT MARKETS

- Decrease in absolute return levels
- Increase in relative attractiveness of Private vs Public Markets
- **New** and attractive deployment alternatives

LPs / DEMAND

- Long-term liability funding gap continues to drive search for yields
- High valuations / low yields in public
 markets → alternative income sources
- Increase in private debt allocations / systematic integration into SAA / risk management / M&R
- Openness for new investment concepts



Summary



WHAT HAS BEEN DONE SO FAR

- In April 2017 the CCCERA Board approved a Private Debt mandate and selected StepStone as implementation partner
- StepStone and CCCERA management worked closely to establish investment guidelines, the implementation of the mandate started in H2 2017, and the first separately managed account started investing in Q2 2018
- During bi-weekly calls and regular in-person meetings, investment opportunities are discussed, and an exchange of observations and market information is facilitated
- As of March 31, 2021, the portfolio has committed a total of \$995m in line with the agreed upon investment guidelines: \$700m has been committed to Core managers, \$195m has been committed to Satellite funds and \$100m cumulatively has been funded to co-investments including recycled capital
- StepStone regularly provides detailed insights and proposals to topics such as **regulatory capital**, **specialty finance**, **real estate credit**, **opportunistic and distressed debt** and other opportunities

OUTLOOK H2 2021 - 2022

- We continue the implementation as defined in close coordination with the CIO and the investment team
- StepStone established a new \$150m SMA in Q3 2021
- StepStone is targeting two additional \$40m \$50m Fund investments for H2 2021 2022
- StepStone will continue to recycle capital for co-investments as investments are repaid

Private Debt Investment Objectives



CCCERA INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Support CCCERA in building a top performing global private debt portfolio by leveraging StepStone's research-intensive approach to invest opportunistically in high quality managers with long-term view of earning a 10% yield on investments over a cycle

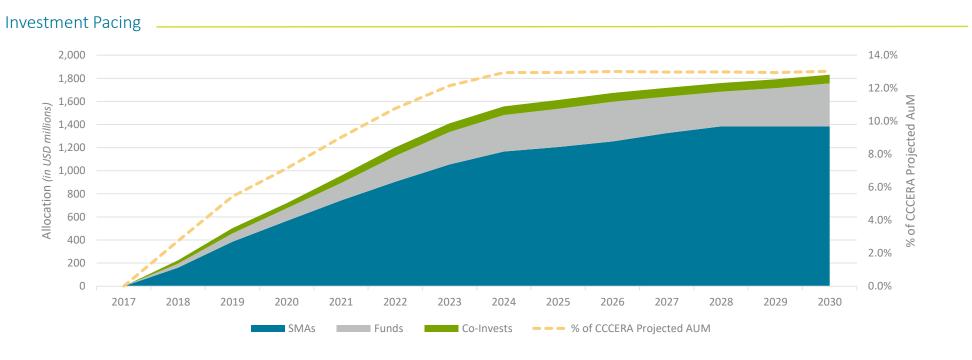
CONTRA COSTA COUNTY ERA'S (CCCERA) INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES				
TARGET ASSET ALLOCATION	Up to 13% of CCCERA's total AUM			
ELIGIBLE ASSET CLASSES	Mainly corporate debt but other asset classes such as real estate debt are not excluded			
SUB ASSET CLASSES	Non-first lien debt: Max US\$300m Non-corporate debt: Max US\$300m			
RETURN OBJECTIVES	Target net IRR of approximately 10% over a cycle			
CASH YIELD / DISTRIBUTION	Not primary focus, but welcomed			
GEOGRAPHIC PREFERENCE	Global (weighted towards North America)			
IMPLEMENTATION	SMAs, primaries, co-investment and secondaries			
FLEXIBILITY	Retain flexibility to control and steer allocations over time, especially through or post down cycles			

Target returns are hypothetical and are neither guarantees nor predictions or projections of future performance. Future performance indications and financial market scenarios are no guarantee of current or future performance. There can be no assurance that such target IRRs will be achieved or that the fund will be able to implement its investment strategy, achieve its investment objectives or avoid substantial losses. Further information regarding target net IRR calculation is available upon request.

CCCERA Pacing Analysis



StepStone notes that CCCERA is on track to achieve its target asset allocation of 13%⁽¹⁾ by 2024



H2 2021 - 2022 Priorities

- Established a new \$150m SMA
- StepStone is targeting two additional \$40m \$50m Fund investments for H2 2021 2022
- Continue to recycle capital for co-investments as investments are repaid

(1) As a percentage of CCCERA's total AUM. The target allocation increased from 12.0% to 13.0% in December 2020. For illustrative purposes only.

Cash Flow Models are provided solely for illustrative purposes only. There can be no assurance that actual cash flows will be similar to the model set forth on this slide or that the investment will achieve its investment objectives or avoid substantial losses. Cash flow patterns will vary depending on the activities of the underlying investment. This is a simplified example and may not represent the actual performance the investment. Please let us know if you want to see a cash flow analysis based on assumptions other than those we have used for this analysis.

Activity Report



Close coordination has been achieved over the last twelve months through:

- 26 bi-weekly progress and coordination calls
- A virtual meeting with CCCERA discussing portfolio construction and planning for 2021
- Various ad-hoc discussions on specific topics

Core	Satellite	Co-invest / Secondaries
 Arranged and co-hosted virtual due diligence meetings with pre-selected GPs 	 Reviewed 15 different opportunities across seven different strategies 	 Reviewed 172 single co-investment opportunities
Established a new \$150m SMA	 Arranged and co-hosted various due diligence meetings for CCCERA team members 	• Invested in 12 new co-investment transactions as of August 31, 2021 ⁽¹⁾
	 Completed a \$50m investment in a new primary fund 	
	Currently discussing several opportunities	



Private Debt Performance Summary



- As of March 31st, 2021, CCCERA's private debt portfolio comprised \$995m in commitments to the following 20 investments: 3 SMAs, 5 Primary Funds and 12 Co-Investments
- The portfolio is performing in line with expectations, generating a Gross IRR and Net IRR of 10.0% and 9.3% since inception, respectively

US\$ in millions	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2020			
Performance Statistics						
Number of Managers	20	18	20			
Number of Borrowers ⁽¹⁾	280	234	275			
Committed Capital	\$995	\$827	\$991			
NAV	\$750	\$519	\$721			
Target Gross IRR	>10%	>10%	>10%			
Gross IRR ⁽²⁾	10.0%	4.1%	9.5%			
Net IRR ⁽³⁾	9.3%	3.0%	8.6%			
Portfolio Statistics ⁽¹⁾						
Average Leverage Through Tranche	4.7x	4.6x	4.7x			
Median EBITDA	\$31m	\$46m	\$32m			
Traditional 1 st Lien and Unitranche	99.2%	99.7%	99.3%			
% of closed deals w/ one or more Covenants	100.0%	97.2%	100.0%			

- 1. Data excludes investments in Real Estate Credit and Regulatory Capital. Co-investment portfolio data only includes current active investments.
- 2. Net of GP fees but not StepStone's fees.
- 3. Net of GP fees and StepStone's fees.

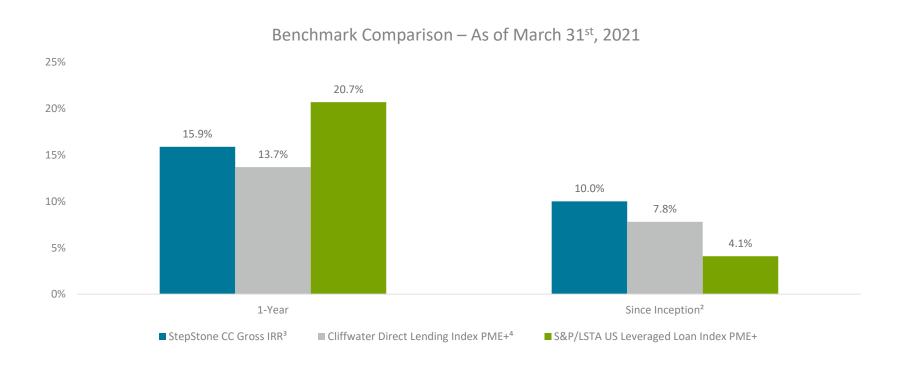
Source: StepStone Research

Target returns are hypothetical and are neither guarantees nor predictions or projections of future performance. Future performance indications and financial market scenarios are no guarantee of current or future performance. There can be no assurance that such target IRRs will be achieved or that the investment will be able to implement its investment strategy, achieve its investment objectives or avoid substantial losses. Further information regarding target IRR calculations is available upon request. Gross IRR will ultimately be reduced by management fees, carried interest, taxes, and other fees and expenses.

Performance versus Benchmarks



StepStone CC portfolio has outperformed the benchmarks through March 31st, 2021



^{1.} QTD IRR is not annualized.

Notes: The indices is shown for general market comparison and is not meant to represent any particular fund. An investor cannot directly invest in an index. Moreover, indices do not reflect commissions or fees that may be charged to an investment product based on the index, which may materially affect the performance data presented. Returns under one year are unannualized.

Source: StepStone Research

^{2.} Inception represents date of first capital call on February 12th, 2018.

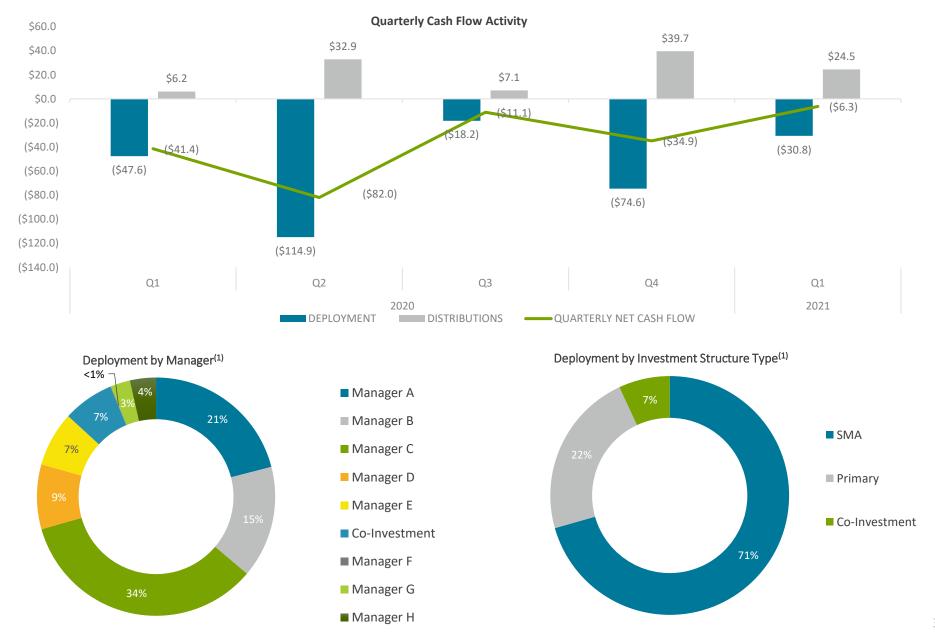
^{3.} StepStone CC IRR is net of underlying fund and investment fees, but not net of StepStone Advisory fees.

^{4.} Cliffwater Direct Lending Index Total Return (TR) PME+ starts with the Long Nickels calculations and represents the opportunity cost comparison of how funds would have performed had they been invested in the public index using a coefficient to scale the fund's distributions so that the public market theoretical valuation remains positive.

Cash Flow Analysis – Fund Level



• From March 31, 2020 to March 31, 2021, the Fund deployed \$286.1 m to underlying investments

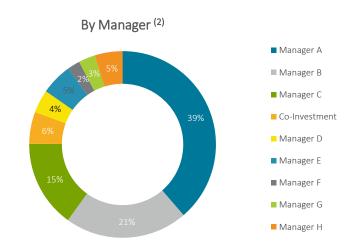


Portfolio Exposure⁽¹⁾

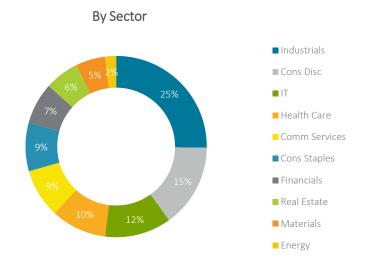


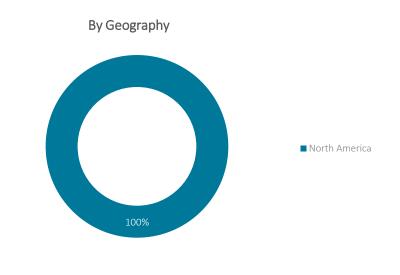
Fund Level Exposure





Underlying Look-Through Exposure (3)





Data as of March 31st, 2021.

- 1. Exposure represents the sum of the (i) unfunded balance and the (ii) fair market value as provided by the general partner.
- 2. Managers represented for co-investments have brought their respective deals forward.
- 3. Diversified/Not Specified consists of Other and Diversified assets not specified by the underlying managers.

Risks and Other Considerations



Risks Associated with Investments. Identifying attractive investment opportunities and the right underlying fund managers is difficult and involves a high degree of uncertainty. There is no assurance that the investments will be profitable and there is a substantial risk that losses and expenses will exceed income and gains.

Restrictions on Transfer and Withdrawal; Illiquidity of Interests; Interests Not Registered. The investment is highly illiquid and subject to transfer restrictions and should only be acquired by an investor able to commit its funds for a significant period of time and to bear the risk inherent in such investment, with no certainty of return. Interests in the investment have not been and will not be registered under the laws of any jurisdiction. Investment has not been recommended by any securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, the aforementioned authorities have not confirmed the accuracy or determined the adequacy of this document.

Reliance on Third Parties. StepStone will require, and rely upon, the services of a variety of third parties, including but not limited to attorneys, accountants, brokers, custodians, consultants and other agents and failure by any of these third parties to perform their duties could have a material adverse effect on the investment.

Reliance on Managers. The investment will be highly dependent on the capabilities of the managers.

Risk Associated with Portfolio Companies. The environment in which the investors directly or indirectly invests will sometimes involve a high degree of business and financial risk. StepStone generally will not seek control over the management of the portfolio companies in which investments are made, and the success of each investment generally will depend on the ability and success of the management of the portfolio company.

Uncertainty Due to Public Health Crisis. A public health crisis, such as the recent outbreak of the COVID-19 global pandemic, can have unpredictable and adverse impacts on global, national and local economies, which can, in turn, negatively impact StepStone and its investment performance. Disruptions to commercial activity (such as the imposition of quarantines or travel restrictions) or, more generally, a failure to contain or effectively manage a public health crisis, have the ability to adversely impact the businesses of StepStone's investments. In addition, such disruptions can negatively impact the ability of StepStone's personnel to effectively identify, monitor, operate and dispose of investments. Finally, the outbreak of COVID-19 has contributed to, and could continue to contribute to, extreme volatility in financial markets. Such volatility could adversely affect StepStone's ability to raise funds, find financing or identify potential purchasers of its investments, all of which could have material and adverse impact on StepStone's performance. The impact of a public health crisis such as COVID-19 (or any future pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of a contagious disease) is difficult to predict and presents material uncertainty and risk with respect to StepStone's performance.

Taxation. An investment involves numerous tax risks. Please consult with your independent tax advisor.

Conflicts of Interest. Conflicts of interest may arise between StepStone and investors. Certain potential conflicts of interest are described below; however, they are by no means exhaustive. There can be no assurance that any particular conflict of interest will be resolved in favor of an investor.

Allocation of Investment Opportunities. StepStone currently makes investments, and in the future will make investments, for separate accounts having overlapping investment objectives. In making investments for separate accounts, these accounts may be in competition for investment opportunities.

Existing Relationships. StepStone and its principals have long-term relationships with many private equity managers. StepStone clients may seek to invest in the pooled investment vehicles and/or the portfolio companies managed by those managers.

Carried Interest. In those instances where StepStone and/or the underlying portfolio fund managers receive carried interest over and above their basic management fees, receipt of carried interest could create an incentive for StepStone and the portfolio fund managers to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would otherwise be the case. StepStone does not receive any carried interest with respect to advice provided to, or investments made on behalf, of its advisory clients.

Risks and Other Considerations (cont.)



Other Activities. Employees of StepStone are not required to devote all of their time to the investment and may spend a substantial portion of their time on matters other than the investment.

Material, Non-Public Information. From time to time, StepStone may come into possession of material, non-public information that would limit their ability to buy and sell investments.

Global Offices



BEIJING

Kerry Centre, South Tower, 16th Floor 1 Guang Hua Road Chaoyang District Beijing, China 100020

LA JOLLA

4225 Executive Square, Suite 1600 La Jolla, CA 92037

PERTH

Level 24, Allendale Square 77 St George's Terrace Perth, WA 6000, Australia

SYDNEY

Level 43 Governor Phillip Tower One Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

CHARLOTTE

128 S Tryon Street, Suite 880 Charlotte, NC 28202

LIMA

Av Jorge Basadre 607 San Isidro, Lima, Peru

ROME

Via Crescenzio, 14 00193 Rome, Italy

TOKYO

Level 1 Yusen Building 2-3-2 Marunouchi Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0005, Japan

CLEVELAND

127 Public Square, Suite 5050 Cleveland, Ohio 44114

LONDON

2 St James's Market London SW1Y 4AH

SAN FRANCISCO

Two Embarcadero Center, Suite 480 San Francisco, CA 94111

TORONTO

130 King Street West, Suite 1205 Exchange Tower Toronto, ON Canada M5X 1A9

DUBLIN

Newmount House 22-24 Lower Mount Street Dublin 2, Ireland

LUXEMBOURG

124 Boulevard de la Pétrusse L-2330 Luxembourg

SÃO PAULO

Av. Brigadeiro Faria Lima 3355, 8th Floor Itaim Bibi - São Paulo SP, Brazil 04538-133

ZURICH

Klausstrasse 4 CH-8008 Zurich, Switzerland

HONG KONG

Level 15 Nexxus Building 41 Connaught Road Central Central, Hong Kong

NEW YORK

450 Lexington Ave, 31st Floor New York, NY 10017

SEOUL

Three IFC Level 43 10 Gukjegeumyung-ro Yeoungdeungpo-gu, Seoul 07326 Korea



Timothy Price, CFA
Chief Investment Officer

Risk Diversifying Sub-Portfolio Review

October 27, 2021

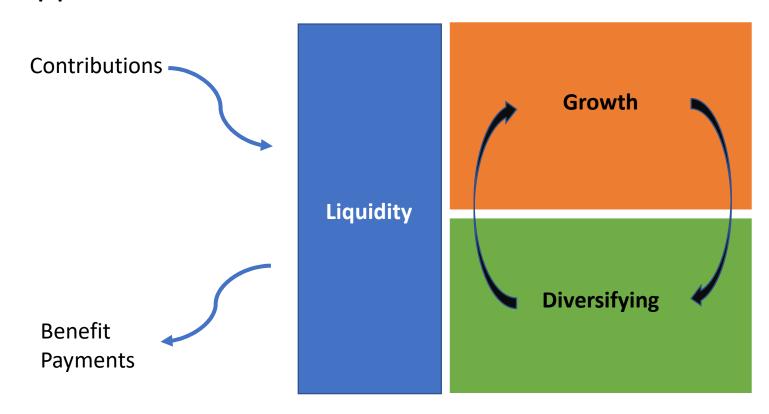
Review of Risk Diversifying Sub-Portfolio

- 1. Role of Risk Diversifying in CCCERA portfolio
- 2. Characteristics of diversifying assets
- 3. Structure of Risk Diversifying allocation
- 4. CCCERA performance
- 5. Potential programmatic enhancements



Role of Risk Diversifying in CCCERA Portfolio

- Downside protection to diversify the growth allocation
- Liquid pool of capital to capture stressed growth opportunities





Characteristics of Risk Diversifying Strategies

Quality	Rationale
Low to negative correlation with growth assets	Act as diversifying offset to CCCERA's large growth (equity) allocation with positive returns in downturns.
High liquidity during periods of equity market stress	Must be able to redeploy these assets to capture opportunities in stressed environment.
Positive expected real return	We want strategies that can be held on a permanent basis without acting as a drag on overall expected returns

Risk Diversifying Universe

- Two camps. explicit and implicit market hedges
- We focus on implicit hedges.
- Trade-offs between hedge efficiency, reliability and cost
 - Explicit hedges are contractual; implicit hedges rely on the persistence of past correlation of returns.
 - Bond/Equity correlations positive in stagflation.

Hedge Type	Example	Efficiency of Hedge	Opportunity Cost
Explicit	Tail risk hedge (buying equity put options)	High, creates an explicit positive payoff when equity market conditions deteriorate	High, essentially an insurance premium is paid every month that the puts expire worthless
Implicit	US government guaranteed debt	Medium, not an explicit negative correlation, typically an uncorrelated return	Medium-low. Should have an economic rationale for a positive expected return

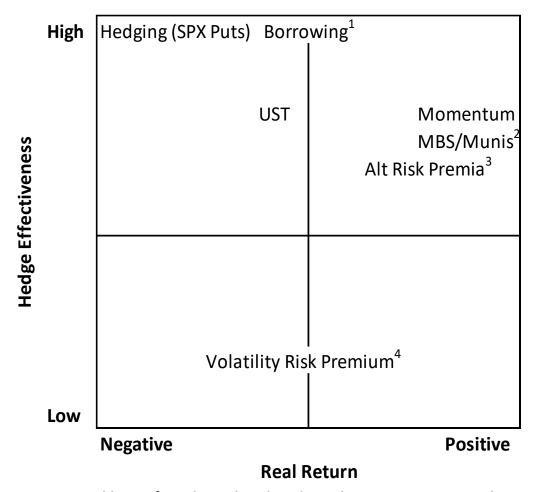
Dimensioning Risk Diversifying Strategies

Strategies	CCCERA	Cost	Liquidity	Most Effective Markets	Correlation	Alpha
Borrowing						
Revolver	No	Very Low	High	Sharp & Sustained Drawdowns	NM*	NM
Hedging						
Long SPX Puts	No	High	High	Sharp Drawdowns	NM*	High**
Long SPX/Short SPX Calls	No	High	High	Sharp Drawdowns	NM*	High**
Fixed Income						
US Treasuries	No	Very Low	High	Sharp Drawdowns	Negative	Moderate
MBS	AFL-CIO	Low	High	Sustained Drawdowns	Negative	Moderate
Muni Bonds	Sit LLCAR	Low	High	Sustained Drawdowns	Negative	Moderat
Alternative Risk Premium						
Systematic Multi Asset Macro Managed Futures	Acadian	Low	High	Sharp Drawdowns	Negative	Low
Volatility Risk Premia	Parametric	Low	High	Non-Trending	Positive	Negative
Sytematic Momentum/Trend	No	Low	High	Sustained Drawdowns	Negative	Low

NM* These strategies are contractual and therefore effectivenes is not based on correlation of returns.

^{**} Put gain is perfect offset to underlying index loss

Dimensioning Risk Diversifying Strategies



- 1 Committed line of credit utilized in drawdowns cost p.a. ~10bps
- 2 AFL-CIO and Sit LLCAR
- 3 Acadian
- 4 Parametric Volatility Risk Premium

Risk Diversifying Markets

- AFL-CIO/Sit LLCAR are discretionary with respect to timing and asset mix.
 Acadian is systematic, multi asset, relative value and long/short
- Parametric sells SPX calls and puts (lottery tickets and insurance)
- Multi Asset. Managers chose specific assets e.g., long oil/short aluminum

Index	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	Year/Year		
MSCI World (global developed)	2,367.3	3,006.6	27.0%		
Taxable Municipals	245.5	250.3	1.9%		
Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS)	2,317.8	2,307.8	-0.4%		
Parametric Volatility Risk Premium	105.5	115.2	9.3%		
US 10-Year TIPS	(1.0)	(0.9)	-6.3%		
Bloomberg Momentum	1,015.6	987.9	-2.7%		
Loomis Sayles Multi Asset Managed Futures	113.4	112.5	-0.8%		
Multi Asset components below					
MSCI ACWI (all country)	565.2	709.5	25.5%		
Volatility (US SPX)	26.4	23.1	-12.2%		
Global Sovereigns	244.2	237.7	-2.7%		
US Dollar	93.9	94.2	0.4%		
Commodities	350.2	557.7	59.3%		

Equity Drawdowns

- Drawdowns are unique in depth and length. In general can be sharp or sustained. Depth and length are correlated.
- Average depth and length. Since the Great Depression, recessions have, on average, contracted real GDP by 4.8% and taken 15 months to reestablish the prior real level of GDP.
- Range. GDP declines of 0.4% to 26.3% lasting from 4 to 63 months.
- COVID. GDP declined by 3.4% lasting about 9 months.

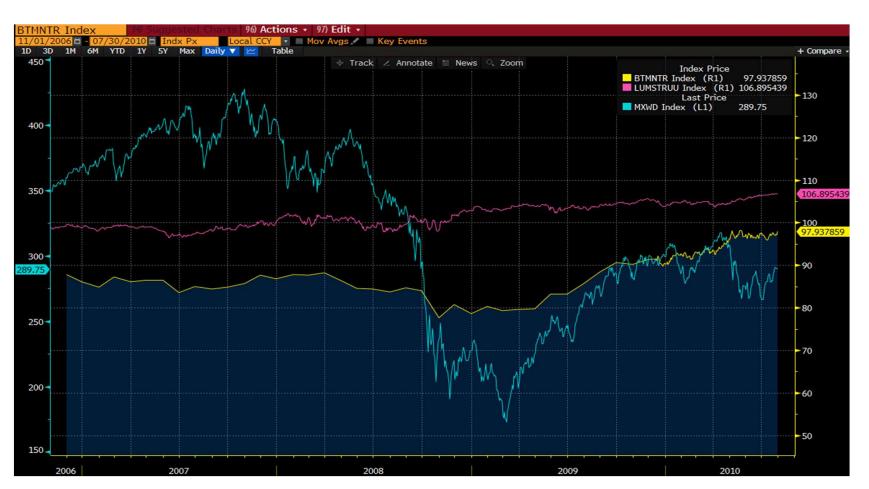
Sharp Downturn. Fixed Income Indices

- Bond/Equity negative return correlation
- MBS (AFL-CIO) & Taxable Munis (Sit LLCAR) vs ACWI
- COVID. 2/19/20 to 4/3/20: ACWI -26.6%, MBS +1.8%, Munis -3.1%



Sustained Downturn. Fixed Income Indices

- Bond/Equity negative return correlation
- MBS (AFL-CIO) & Taxable Munis (Sit LLCAR) vs ACWI
- GFC. ACWI -57.8%, MBS +6.5% & Taxable Munis +9.2%



Sharp Downturn. Alternative Risk Premia

- Momentum (trend) vs SPX
- COVID. From 2/20 to 4/20, the Momentum index returned
 1.5% and the SPX was down 26.5%



Sustained Downturn. Alternative Risk Premia

- Momentum (trend) vs SPX
- GFC. The Momentum index returned 7.4%, SPX was down 55.8% (10/1/07 to trough on 3/6/2009).



Sharp Downturn. Alternative Risk Premia

- Multi Asset vs SPX
- From 2/20 to 4/20, the Loomis Sayles Multi Asset index returned +4.1%, SPX was down 26.5%

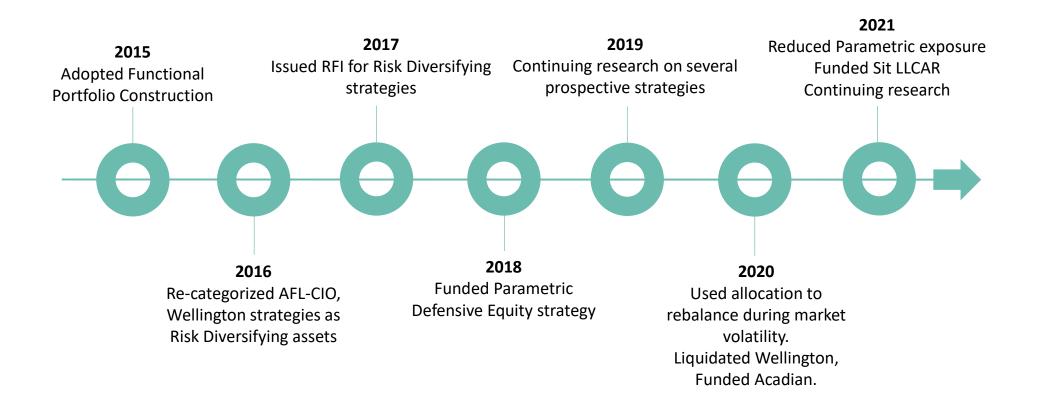


Sustained Downturn. Alternative Risk Premia

- Multi Asset vs SPX
- GFC, the Multi Asset index returned +0.4%, SPX was down 55.8% (10/1/07 to trough on 3/6/2009).



Evolution of Risk Diversifying Allocation



Asset Allocation

- Risk Diversifying Portfolio Closer to 7.0% target allocation, increased y/y from 5.8% to 6.7%
- Returns with low or negative correlation to equity

Risk Diversifying Portfolio Allocation Year over Year							
Investment Manager	\$ in MMs as of 8/31/2020	% of RDP	\$ in MMs as of 8/31/2021	% of RDP			
AFL-CIO	273.3	49.5%	266.4	34.5%			
Parametric Volatility Risk Premium	179.5	32.5%	114.5	14.8%			
Acadian	99.8	18.1%	182.0	23.6%			
Sit LLCAR	-	0.0%	208.5	27.0%			
Total Risk Diversifying	552.6	100.0%	771.4	100.0%			
Total CCCERA	9,552.1	5.8%	11,471.7	6.7%			

RDP Portfolio Actions: 2020 and 2021

2020 Stress

- Raised Cash
 - Wellington liquidated 1Q
 - AFL-CIO \$75MM cash out 2Q
- Redeployed Cash
 - Credit: Sit Short Duration
 - Global Equity: Artisan and First Eagle
- Rebalancing & Funding
 - Acadian: Initial \$100MM 2Q
 - Acadian: Added \$25MM 3Q

2021 Recovery

- Rebalancing & Funding
 - Sit LLCAR: \$150MM initial funding 2Q
 - Acadian: Added \$50MM 3Q
 - Sit LLCAR: Added \$50MM 3Q
 - Year-over-year, RDP as a percentage of CCCERAs total portfolio increased from 5.8% to 6.7%
 - RDP target allocation decreased from 10% to 7%

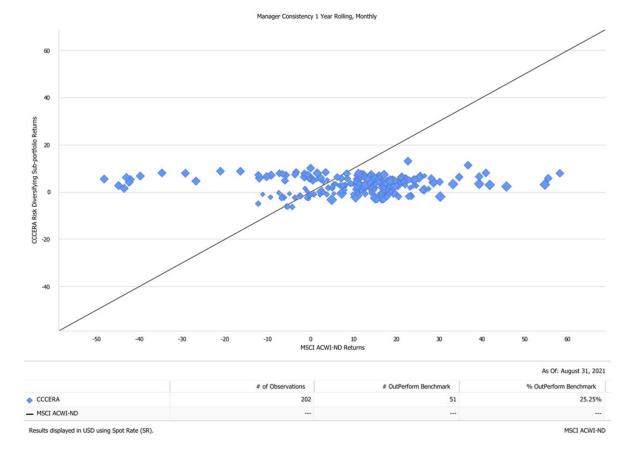
CCCERA Performance

- Improving performance. Correlations have improved y/y from 0.7 to 0.5. The trailing five-year real returns have increased from -1.4% to -1.2%. Trailing one-year correlation and returns are 0.3 and -1.2%, respectively.
- **September 2021.** For the month, SPX declined 4.8%, RDP declined 0.48%.
- Short track record. Initial RDP strategies were presented by Verus in 2Q2017.
- **Evolution.** Identified and funded strategies are diversified that function across drawdown and market scenarios.
- **Pro forma performance.** Pro forma current asset allocation, trailing 5-year correlations and real returns 0.4 and -0.6%.

As of August 31, 2021

Objective	Measurement	Current Period Data	Status
Offset Volatility in Growth Portfolio	Correlation	0.5 over trailing 5 years; TTM 0.3	Below Expectations
Positive Real Returns	Returns	Trailing 5 year real return -1.2%	Below Expectations
High Liquidity	% of Portfolio that can be liquidated within 90 days	100%	Meeting Expectations

Risk Diversifying vs. MSCI ACWI



Risk Diversifying trailing one-year performance vs. MSCI ACWI (global equity) index.

Demonstrates low correlation and modest positive performance historically.

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Returns

As of August 31, 2021

Returns, net of fees	3 Mos.	YTD	1 Yr.	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	ITD	Inception
Risk Diversifying Portfolio	2.3%	2.4%	4.1%	2.2%	1.3%	3.1%	3/31/2017
CPI	1.6%	5.0%	5.3%	2.8%	2.6%	2.2%	
AFL-CIO	1.0%	-0.4%	0.2%	5.1%	2.8%	5.7%	08/31/1991
BBG US Aggregate	1.6%	-0.7%	-0.1%	5.4%	3.1%	5.6%	
Parametric Volatility Risk Premium	1.6%	5.5%	8.9%	-1.2%	NA	-1.0%	06/30/2018
91 Day T-Bill + 4%	1.0%	2.7%	4.1%	5.3%	NA	5.3%	
Acadian Multi Asset	3.8%	3.2%	5.5%	NA	NA	4.9%	07/31/2020
91 Day T-Bill + 5%	1.2%	3.3%	5.1%	NA	NA	5.1%	
Sit LLCAR	3.6%	5.6%	NA	NA	NA	5.6%	03/31/2021
BB Barclays US Agg + 1%	1.9%	3.2%	NA	NA	NA	3.2%	

Future Enhancements



Identifying complementary strategies is a priority for the CCCERA investment team. Develop battle plan for specific drawdown depths and lengths.



Currently researching three types strategies for potential inclusion:

Multi-asset absolute return strategies
Trend following

Alternative risk premia

\$

Reduce Parametric exposure in SH2021 and fund the additional strategy in 2022

Investment Manager Discussion

- Investment manager discussion
 - Sit Investment Associates, Inc.
- Agenda
 - Overview of team, strategy, and role at CCCERA.
 - Discussion of Sit LLCAR and current investing landscape.
 - Q&A from Trustees.



Meeting Date 10/27/2021 Agenda Item #9



INVESTMENT PRESENTATION



OCTOBER 27, 2021

Bryce Doty CFA, Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager – Fixed Income



Sit Investment Associates, Inc. 80 South Eighth Street, Suite 3300 Minneapolis, MN 55402-2211 612.332.3223 www.sitinvest.com

PRESENTATION OUTLINE

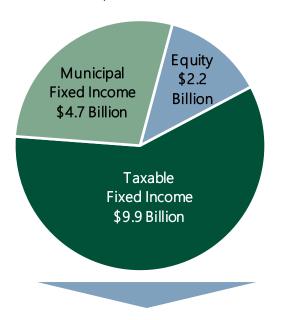
- I. Introduction
- II. Risk-Diversifying Strategy
- III. Taxable Municipal Strategy
- IV. Closed-End Mutual Funds
- V. Miscellaneous

INTRODUCTION

SIT INVESTMENT ASSOCIATES: FIRM OVERVIEW

\$16.8B Total Gross AUM

as of September 30, 2021



72%: Separately Managed Accounts

13%: Private Investment Funds

15%: Mutual Funds

Independent & Employee-owned Firm

- Founded in 1981 by Eugene Sit
- Independent: Sit family and employee ownership
- One of the largest minority-owned advisory firms in the U.S.

Seasoned Team, Aligned With Our Investors

- Experienced investment team with long Sit tenure
- Focus on investment results, controlled AUM growth
- Significant internal investment in Sit strategies

Consistent Process & Compelling Track Record

- Value-added, active management philosophy
- Time-tested and consistent investment process
- Unique traditional and alternative strategies complement portfolios

LEADING FIXED INCOME TRACK RECORD & DIFFERENTIATED APPROACH

Sit Fixed Income: Investment Philosophy

Consistently achieve superior risk-adjusted returns using a conservative investment approach emphasizing:

- Investment grade securities
- Income component of total return
- Active management and building portfolios distinctly different from benchmark indices

Sit Fixed Income: Our Advantage

- Focus on select, high relative value areas of the market where we have recognized expertise
- Consistent and repeatable approach has produced top quartile performance across strategies
- Strong, differentiated commitment to client service, which includes:
 - O Direct access to portfolio managers and monthly commentary letter
 - O Assistance in crafting investment guidelines and responsiveness to changing needs
 - o Invitation to Sit's Annual Client Workshop, a unique educational event

Sit Fixed Income Controlled AUM Growth Driven by Strong Investment Performance & Committed Client Service

Sit Fixed Income: Annual AUM 2010-21 (in \$B)





TRADITIONAL & ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES TO COMPLEMENT PORTFOLIOS

Taxable Fixed Income

Tax-Free Municipal Fixed Income

Growth Equity

Traditional Strategies

- Total Return
- Intermediate Duration
- Short Duration
- · Quality Income
- Long Duration Quality Income
- Taxable Municipal

Total Return

- Intermediate Duration
- Short Duration

US Focus

- Large Cap
- Mid/Small Cap
- Small Cap
- · Dividend Growth
- Small Cap Dividend Growth
- Balanced

Alternative Strategies: Closed-End Funds

- Return Plus (Investment Grade)
- HY Return Plus (HY/Bank Loans)
- Targeted Opportunity (Event)
- Energy/MLP (Infrastructure)

• Municipal Return Plus (Municipal Fixed Income)

Global & International Focus

- Global
- ESG Growth
- EAFE+
- Pacific Basin
- · Developing Markets

Alternative Strategies: Custom Alpha

- Alpha Bond
- Rising Rates
- S&P 500
- EAFE
- 5-Year Treasury
- 30-Year Treasury

Short Duration

The <u>Custom Alpha Series</u> employs the <u>Taxable Short</u> <u>Duration</u> strategy, duration hedged and levered. This return stream can be ported on to a range of beta exposures

Available Investment Structures: Separately Managed Accounts, Private Investment Funds, Collective Investment Trusts, Mutual Funds (select strategies)

SIT PERFORMANCE STATISTICS

	As of 6/30/21					
TAXABLE:	10 Yr Ann Rtn	Rank	10 Yr Sharpe	Rank	10 Yr Alpha	Rank
Sit Total Return Bloomberg Aggregate Incremental Return	4.73% 3.39 1.34	6	1.41 0.93 0.48	2	1.63 0.00 1.63	4
Sit Intermediate Govt/Corp Bloomberg Intermediate Govt/Credit Incremental Return	3.74% 2.76 0.98	11	1.62 1.00 0.62	1	1.29 0.00 1.29	2
Sit Short Duration Bloomberg 1-3 Year Government Incremental Return	2.89% 1.23 1.66	1	1.46 0.72 0.74	9	1.36 0.00 1.36	1
Sit Closed-End Funds Bloomberg Aggregate Incremental Return	7.19% 3.39 3.80	1	1.11 0.93 0.18	57	3.90 0.00 3.90	1
Sit Targeted Opportunity (Since Inception 3/31/13) 8% Hurdle Incremental Return	12.51% <u>8.00</u> 4.51	1	1.21 <u>n/a</u> n/a	11	7.95 <u>0.00</u> 7.95	1
Sit Return Plus High Yield (Since Inception 3/31/13) BofA ML US High Yield Incremental Return	11.16% 6.12 5.04	1	0.88 <u>0.77</u> 0.11	93	2.12 <u>0.00</u> 2.12	51
Sit Taxable Municipal Bloomberg Aggregate Incremental Return	6.64% 3.39 3.25	1	1.62 0.93 0.69	1	2.91 0.00 2.91	1
Custom Alpha Bond Portfolio Merrill Lynch 3-Month Libor Incremental Return	5.18% 0.90 4.28	1	1.36 <u>1.17</u> 0.19	25	4.16 0.00 4.16	1

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Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Returns are gross of fees and calculated on a time-weighted total return basis. The information above is supplemental to and complements the composite presentation at the end of the disclosure section. The account information set forth above is for the representative portfolio, is provided for illustrative purposes only, and reflects one account within the composite. Please refer to the disclosure section for performance information and the composite presentation.

SIT INVESTMENT ASSOCIATES PROFESSIONALS

GLOBAL	GLOBAL EQUITY					
	Years of Investment Experience	Years with SIA				
Roger J. Sit	31	23				
Kent L. Johnson, CFA	28	32				
Ronald D. Sit, CFA	37	37				
David A. Brown, CFA	26	24				
Denise A. Anderson, Ph.D.	23	12				
Joseph R. Eshoo	26	13				
Michael T. Manns	34	7				
Michael C. Marzolf	23	5				
Mark A. Pepper	22	18				
Raymond E. Sit	30	30				
Robert W. Sit, CFA	30	30				
Stacey M. Curme	24	28				
Ningning Tang, CFA	17	13				
Bradley W. Meyer	18	20				
Lee J. Feltman, CFA	14	14				
Eric M. Manthe	10	16				
Nicholas D. Tich	13	16				
Samuel K. V. Krawczyk	7	7				
Michael J. Sit	7	1				

FIXED INCOME					
	Years of Investment Experience	Years with SIA			
Roger J. Sit	31	23			
Bryce A. Doty, CFA	31	25			
Paul J. Jungquist, CFA, CPA	27	27			
Mark H. Book, CFA, CMA	35	21			
Kurt van Kuller, CFA	41	3			
Christopher M. Rasmussen, CFA	21	22			
Todd S. Emerson, CFA	26	15			
Kevin P. O'Brien, CFA	18	20			
Michael J. Reich, CFA	16	17			
Michael C. Hubbard, CFA	15	10			
Jessica A. Ersfeld, CFA	14	14			
Jason B. Miller, CFA	14	7			
Andrew J. Tich, CFA	14	15			
Nick F. Ochsner, CFA	9	3			
Joseph H. Lepinski, CFA	15	14			
Michael J. Book	6	2			
Marci A. Lorge	37	33			
Brian R. Gilbert	27	27			

Total Investment Experience: 420 Years Average Investment Experience: 22.1 Years

Total Investment Experience: 366 Years Average Investment Experience: 21.5 Years



RISK-DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY

Sit Risk-Diversifying Strategy Objective

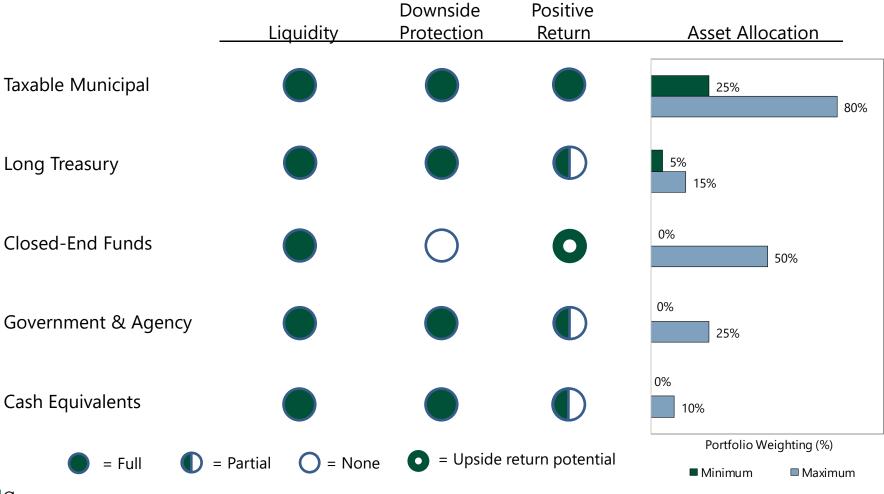
The Sit Risk-Diversifying strategy objective is three-fold:

- 1. Positive expected returns in normal market environments
- 2. High degree of liquidity in periods of market stress
- 3. Low to negative correlation to the broad equity market

SIT RISK-DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY

Dynamic Asset Allocation to Meet Client Objectives

Portfolio allocations will vary based on the investment team's assessment of the optimal mix to achieve the client's strategic objectives.



Sit Investment Associates

CORRELATION: S&P 500 VERSUS TREASURY BONDS

Treasury bonds are negatively correlated to stocks.

	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
S&P 500	100%	100%	100%	100%
Bloomberg Treasury	-0.63	-0.53	-0.50	-0.50
Bloomberg 30-Year Treasury*	-0.60	-0.50	-0.45	-0.48

^{*} Over the past 25 years, the 30-Year Treasury and S&P 500 returns have only been negative in the same quarter 7% of the time and in the same month 13% of the time.

SIT RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY – INVESTMENT PROCESS

Process Summary

Sit will be blending asset classes with low correlations to each other, which will serve to diversify the portfolio, protect against downside risk, and generate consistent return.

Due to their negative beta to equities, taxable municipal bonds and, to a much smaller degree, long duration treasuries will be core holdings in the portfolio. Closed-end funds will be purchased if they are considered to have significant upside potential. Short and intermediate agency mortgage securities may be used to supplement the yield of the portfolio, manage portfolio duration, and/or lessen the downside risk to equities.

Investment Components

- Taxable municipal bonds will focus on high quality investment grade currently callable and intermediate duration securities.
- Long duration Treasuries have a very significant negative beta to equities because a flight to quality generally pushes stock prices down and Treasury bond prices up and vice versa. However, to balance this protection against falling equity prices and the risk from rising interest rates, the overall portfolio duration will be capped at a maximum of seven years.
- Closed-end funds rarely have market prices equal to their Net Asset Value (NAV); often they trade below NAV, and this provides an opportunity. Active allocation to CEFs will be determined by the funds' 12-month forward return potential.

SIT RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY – INVESTMENT PROCESS



Dynamic Asset Allocation

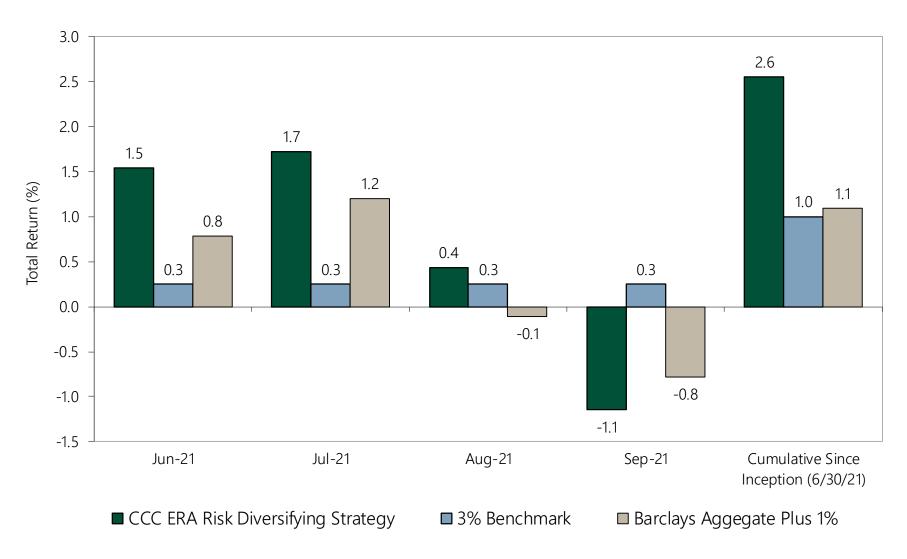
Portfolio allocations will vary based on the investment team's assessment of the optimal mix to achieve the strategy's objectives.

Taxable Municipal Bonds	25% to 80%
Long Treasuries	5% to 15%
Closed-End Funds	0% to 50%
Gov't Agency Bonds	0% to 25%
Cash Equivalents	0% to 10



- Minimizing downside volatility and downside risk is the primary focus.
- The strategy will maintain a negative correlation to equity markets while still capturing some of the upside potential by managing allocations across the portfolio segments listed above.
- Sit will invest in taxable closed-end bond funds that reach a relative discount/premium level consistent with a 12-month forward return potential that is in the top third of all historical observations.
- Closed-end equity and tax-exempt municipal bond funds will be included if they reach relative value levels in the top 20%.

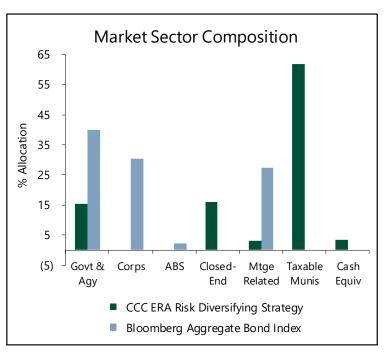
CONTRA COSTA COUNTY ERA RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY RETURNS

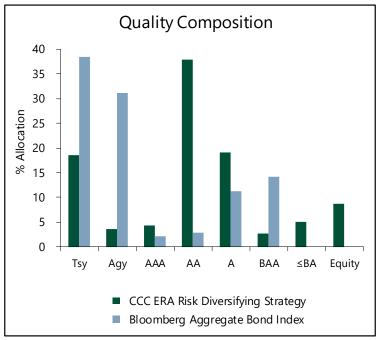


CONTRA COSTA COUNTY ERA RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY

Fixed Income Portfolio Characteristics

As of September 30, 2021





Weighted-Average Summary Characteristics						
	CCC ERA Risk Bloomberg <u>Diversifying Strategy</u> <u>Aggregate Bond Index</u>					
Yield to Average Life	3.0%	1.6%				
Quality	AA / AA	AAA / AAA				
Duration	6.8 Yrs	6.7 Yrs				

CCC ERA RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY – QUALITY, DURATION & YIELD

Contra Costa County ERA Risk Diversifying Strategy					Bloomberg Aggregate
Quality	06/21	07/21	08/21	09/21	09/21
GOV'T & AGY	26%	24 %	18 %	22 %	67 %
AAA	3	3	4	4	4
AA	36	35	39	38	4
Α	15	13	19	19	11
ВВВ	4	4	3	3	14
BB & Below	5	4	4	5	0
Equity Funds	11	17	13	9	0
Average	AA / AA*	AA / AA*	AA / AA*	AA / AA*	AAA / AAA
Total * Excludes Equity Funds	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %
Duration (yrs)	5.9	5.8	6.6	6.8	6.7
Yield (%)	3.6 %	3.7 %	3.2 %	3.0 %	1.6 %
Sit Investment Associates					

CCC ERA RISK DIVERSIFYING STRATEGY – SECTOR WEIGHTING

Contra Costa County ERA Risk Diversifying Strategy	<u>Jun-21</u>	<u>Jul-21</u>	<u>Aug-21</u>	<u>Sep-21</u>
Government & Agency	14 %	14 %	14 %	15 %
Corporates	0	0	0	0
Asset-Backed Securities	0	0	0	0
Closed-End Funds	22	25	19	16
Taxable Municipals	52	51	63	62
Mortgage Related	4	4	3	3
Cash Equivalents	8	6	1	4
	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

TAXABLE MUNICIPAL BONDS

Strategy	Duration (years)		Yield (9/30/2021)		Benchmark	
Strategy	Range	9/30/2021	Sit	Benchmark	Deficilitate	
Taxable Municipal Bonds	4 - 8	6.3	2.78%	1.37%	Bloomberg Taxable Municipal Intermediate Bond Index	

TAXABLE MUNICIPAL BOND STRATEGY

Investment Opportunity

- Taxable municipals often offer yields in excess of similarly rated corporate bonds.
- Taxable municipal bonds are higher rated on average than corporate bonds, have much lower default rates, have generally less volatile ratings, and more conservative ratings.
 - O The intermediate taxable municipal marketplace allows Sit to be defensive while capturing significantly more yield than the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index.
 - O Taxable municipal bonds are a valuable diversification tool as an alternative asset class to corporate bonds, mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Agency bonds.
- Taxable municipal bonds often finance U.S. infrastructure and as such are compatible with Sustainable Investing goals and often meet requirements of Sustainability mandates.
 - Further, many taxable municipal bonds qualify for preferential regulatory classification. European regulatory bodies now provide significantly lower capital charges for investment grade infrastructure project bonds with certain attributes, under the "Qualifying Infrastructure Investment" provision.

TAXABLE MUNICIPALS HAVE FAR LOWER DEFAULT RATES THAN CORPORATE BONDS

Cumulative Default Rates of Moody's Rated Debt by Year 10, 1970-2020

<u>Rating</u>	<u>Municipal</u>	<u>Corporate</u>			
Aaa	0.0%	0.4%			
Aa	0.0%	0.8%			
Α	0.1%	2.0%			
Ваа	1.1%	3.6%			
All Inv Grade	0.1%	2.2%			
All Spec Grade	7.1%	29.7%			
All Rated	0.2%	10.6%			

- The default rate by year 10 (most cited) ratio between Investment Grade corporates and municipals is over 22:1.
- The default rate by year 5 ratio between Investment Grade corporates and municipals is very similar at 21.5:1.
- The default rate by year 20 (longest in study) ratio between Investment Grade corporates and municipals is 30:1.
- The default rate by year 10 between corporate bonds of all ratings and municipals of all ratings is 66:1.
- The default rate of Investment Grade General Government and Municipal Utilities is half that of all municipals.

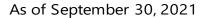
Source: Moody's Investors Service: "U.S. Municipal Bond Defaults and Recoveries 1970-2020", July 2021

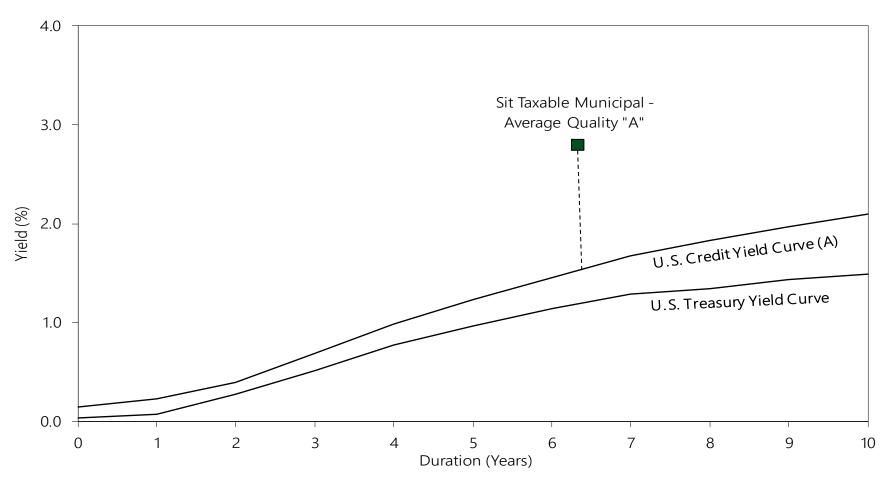
TAXABLE MUNIS HAVE LESS DOWNSIDE RISK THAN CORPORATE BONDS

	2008		2015		2018		1Q-2020	
	Return <u>(%)</u>	Corp. Spread <u>Widening</u>	Return <u>(%)</u>	Corp. Spread <u>Widening</u>	Return <u>(%)</u>	Corp. Spread <u>Widening</u>	Return <u>(%)</u>	Corp. Spread <u>Widening</u>
Bloomberg Corp. Inv. Grade	-4.94	357 bp	-0.68	34 bp	-2.51	60 bp	-3.63	179 bp
ICE BofAML High Yield	-26.39	1093 bp	-4.64	177 bp	-2.26	183 bp	-13.12	503 bp
S&P 500	-37.00		1.38		-4.38		-16.60	
Sit Taxable Municipals	2.89		2.60		3.44		1.82	
Bloomberg Taxable Muni	-4.15		1.03		0.62		1.17	
Bloomberg Tax Muni Intermediate	1.49		2.07		2.35		1.82	



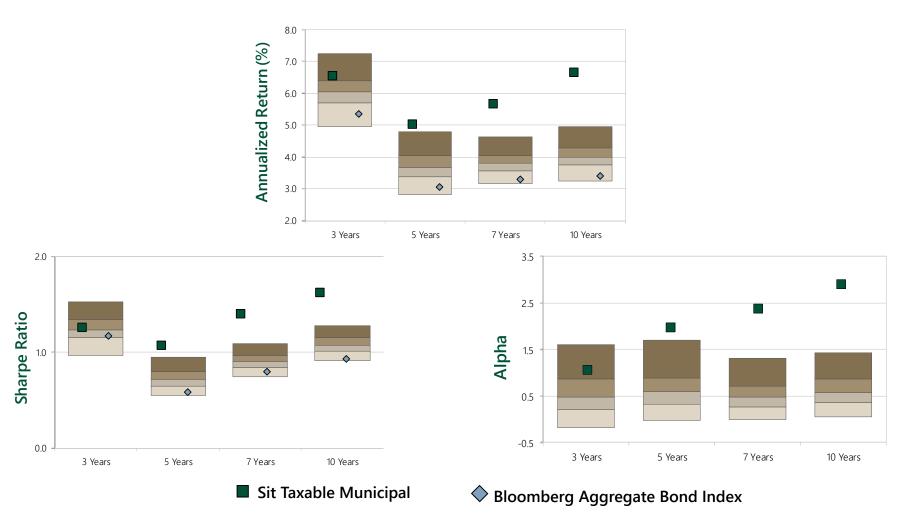
YIELD CURVE POSITIONING – SIT TAXABLE MUNICIPAL





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SIT TAXABLE MUNICIPAL STRATEGY VS. THE UNIVERSE – AS OF 6/30/21



Universe: eVestment US Core Fixed Income. (Observations on 7/26/2021: 3yr=275; 5yr=256; 7yr=239; 10yr=215). eVestment Alliance and its affiliated entities (collectively, "eVestment") collect information directly from investment management firms and other sources believed to be reliable; however, eVestment does not guarantee or warrant the accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of the information provided and is not responsible for any errors or omissions. Performance results may be provided with additional disclosures available on eVestment's systems and other important considerations such as fees that may be applicable. All categories not necessarily included, and totals may not equal 100%. Copyright: 2012-2021 eVestment Alliance, LLC. All Rights Reserved.

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Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Returns are gross of fees and calculated on a time-weighted total return basis. The information above is supplemental to and complements the composite presentation at the end of the disclosure section. The account information set forth above is for the composite, and is provided for illustrative purposes only. Please refer to the disclosure section for performance information and the composite presentation including net of fees results.

CLOSED-END MUTUAL FUNDS

TAXABLE BOND STRATEGY FOR ENHANCED TOTAL RETURN

Strategy

Closed-End Investment Grade Bond Funds

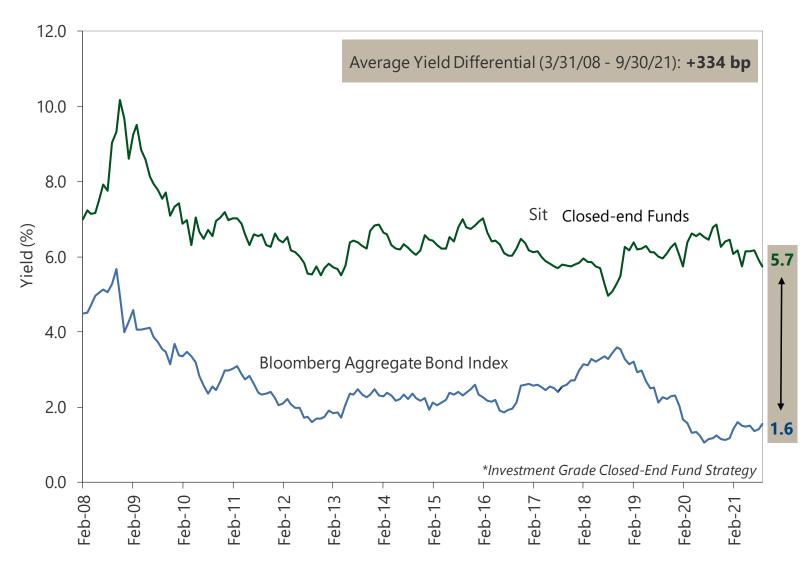
The objective of the closed-end investment grade bond strategy is to opportunistically take advantage of inefficiencies in the closed-end investment grade taxable bond fund universe while providing diversification to a traditional fixed income portfolio. Relative incremental value is achieved with significant investments in perpetual and term closed-end bond mutual funds. The strategy utilizes <u>perpetual funds</u> which offer high levels of income and quality are typically purchased at prices which are 5-10% below the fund's Net Asset Value (NAV) per share. The strategy also invests opportunistically in funds where structural changes are occurring, often enhancing their value to full NAV. The strategy may invest in other sectors of the fixed income market in order to achieve its objective.

Market

As of September 30, 2021, there are 153 taxable closed-end bond funds with a total market value of \$76 billion. Sit actively focuses on 39 taxable investment grade funds with a total market value of \$18 billion.

Primary Differences Between Open-End and Closed-End Funds		
Open-End Funds	Closed-End Funds	
Transactions determined by NAV	Transactions based on the auction market (NYSE)	
Leverage not employed	Funds may leverage by 25% - 50% to enhance yield	

SIT CLOSED-END FUNDS YIELD ADVANTAGE

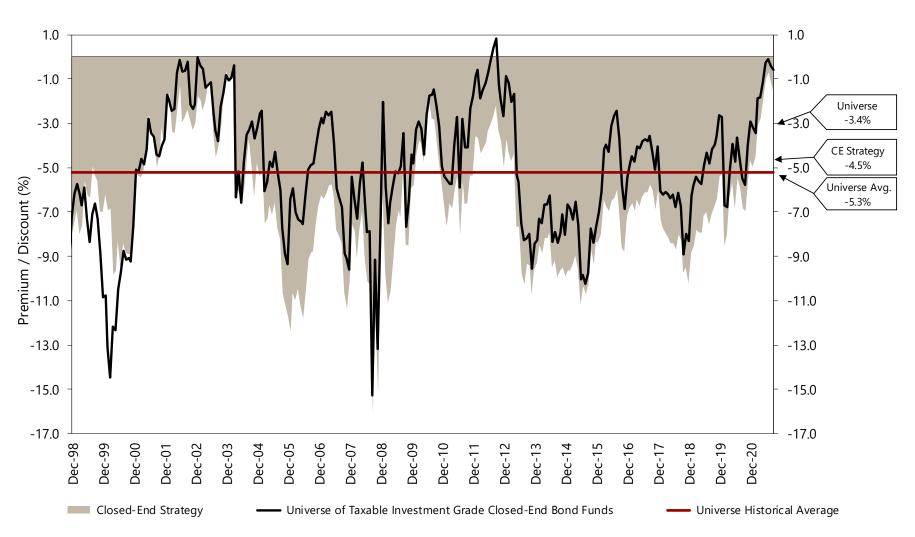


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CLOSED-END BOND FUND DISCOUNT HISTORY

As of September 30, 2021



Sit Investment Associates

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ABSOLUTE RETURN STRATEGY FOR ENHANCED TOTAL RETURN

Strategy

Targeted Opportunity: Closed-End Mutual Funds

A targeted strategy that seeks to benefit from structural changes in closed-end mutual funds. The strategy seeks to achieve strong absolute returns. The objective of the strategy is to identify and invest in closed-end mutual funds that the advisor believes exhibit a minimum annualized return potential of 10%.

Strategy Highlights:

- 1.) Total Return Expectation: 8-12% per year
- 2.) Annualized Return Threshold for Investment: 10%
- 3.) Average Estimated Holding Period: 1-10 months
- 4.) Ability to manage underlying market exposure

Opportunities Include:

- 1.) Rights Offerings
- 2.) Mergers
- 3.) Liquidations / Open-Endings
- 4.) Tender Offers
- 5.) Other situations with exploitable inefficiencies

Closed-End Mutual Fund Universe Totals 460 Funds As of 9/30/21



High Yield Bonds

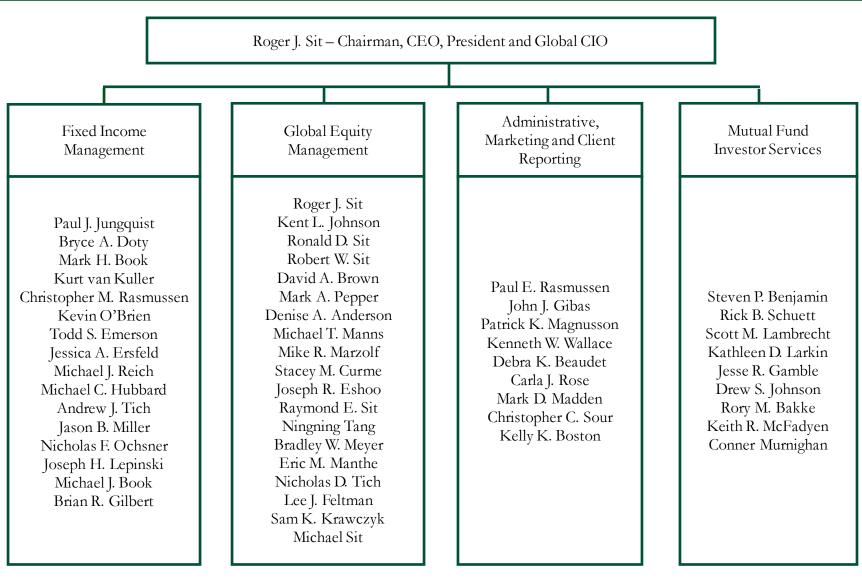
Image: Sit Investment Associates

KEY FACTORS

• Discount Liquidations / **Open Endings** • Likelihood • Subscription Price Methodology Rights • Magnitude of Dilution Offerings • Discount • Oversubscription Privilege • Size **Tender Offers** • Shareholder Participation • Relative Discount • Relative Size Mergers • Investment Objectives • Shareholder Initiative Other • Tax Loss Trades **Opportunities** • Management Position/Change Sit Investment Associates

MISCELLANEOUS

INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS ORGANIZATION CHART



BIOGRAPHIES



Roger J. Sit **CEO** and Global Chief Investment Officer 31 years investment experience

1998 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc. 1991 - 1998 Goldman Sachs & Co., Vice President 1984 - 1990 Captain, United States Air Force

Harvard Business School, MBA (1991)

University of Southern California, MS (1987) United States Air Force Academy, BS (1984)

rjs@sitinvest.com



Bryce A. Doty, CFA Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager 31 years investment experience

1995 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

1988 - 1995 Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Investment Analyst

University of Minnesota, MBA (1992) Hamline University, BA (1988)

bad@sitinvest.com



Mark H. Book, CFA, CMA Vice President, Portfolio Manager 35 years investment experience

2000 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

1998 - 2000 US Bancorp Piper Jaffray, Corp., VP, Strategist 1997 Norwest Investment Mgmt., Portfolio Manager 1991 - 1996 Insight Investment Mgmt., Portfolio Manager 1986 - 1991 Reliastar Financial Corp., Security Trader

University of Minnesota, MBA (1992) University of Minnesota, BA (1986)

mhb@sitinvest.com



Paul J. Jungquist, CFA, CGMA, CPA Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager 27 years investment experience

1994 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

1990 - 1994 Twin Cities Testing, Assistant Controller

1984 - 1990 Grant Thornton, Auditor

University of Minnesota, MBA (1993) University of Notre Dame, BBA (1984)

pjj@sitinvest.com



Kurt van Kuller, CFA Vice President, Portfolio Manager

41 years investment experience

2018 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2010 - 2018 MUFG Union Bank, Managing Director 2009 - 2010 Northeast Securities, Inc., Director Inst Sales

2007 - 2009 1861 Capital Management, Asst. Portfolio Mgr. Merrill Lynch, Sr. Director & Manager 1991 - 2007 1987 - 1991 Lebenthal & Co., Inc., Managing Director 1984 - 1987 Mosely Securities Corp., Research Director

1980 - 1984 Standard & Poor's, Rating Officer

SUNY Albany, MBA (1980) SUNY Albany, BA (1977)

kvk@sitinvest.com



Christopher M. Rasmussen, CFA Vice President, Portfolio Manager 21 years of investment experience

1999 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

University of Minnesota, MBA (2004) University of Minnesota, BSB (2001)

cmr@sitinvest.com

FIXED INCOME BIOGRAPHIES

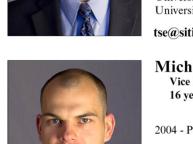


Todd S. Emerson, CFA
Vice President
26 years investment experience

2006 - PresentSit Investment Associates, Inc.2002 - 2006Thomson West, Finance Manager1998 - 2001U.S. Bank, Senior Financial Analyst1994 - 1998RBC Dain Rauscher, Public Finance Associate1991 - 1993Avco Financial Services, Assistant Manager

University of Minnesota, MBA (1994) University of Wisconsin - Eau Claire, BBA (1991)

tse@sitinvest.com



Michael J. Reich, CFA
Vice President, Portfolio Manager
16 years investment experience

2004 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

University of Minnesota, MBA (2009) University of St. Thomas, BA (2005)

mjr@sitinvest.com



Kevin P. O'Brien, CFA Vice President 18 years investment experience

2008 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc. 2005 - 2008 Minnesota Army National Guard 1997 - 2005 Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

United States Army War College, MSS (2020) University of Maryland University College, MS (2015) University of St. Thomas, BA (1997)

kpo@sitinvest.com

| Sit Investment Associates



Jessica A. Ersfeld, CFA
Vice President
14 years of investment experience

2007 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2002 - 2007 Wells Fargo Bank, Relationship Specialist II

University of Minnesota, MBA (2006) University of St. Thomas, BA (2000)

jae@sitinvest.com



Michael C. Hubbard, CFA
Vice President
15 years investment experience

2011 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2008 - 2011 State Street Investment Analytics, Consultant

2005 - 2008 Adviser Investments, Analyst

Boston College, BS (2001)

mch@sitinvest.com



Andrew J. Tich, CFA Vice President 14 years investment experience

2006 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

University of Minnesota, MBA (2016) University of St. Thomas, BS (2009)

ait@sitinvest.com

FIXED INCOME BIOGRAPHIES



Jason B. Miller, CFA Municipal Credit Analyst 14 years investment experience

2013 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2011 - 2013 Alerus Financial, Investment Research Analyst

2007 - 2011 Edward Jones, Investment Advisor

Minnesota State University, BS (2007)

jbm@sitinvest.com



Joseph H. Lepinski, CFA Municipal Credit Assistant 15 years investment experience

2007 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc. 2005 - 2007 Raymond James, Financial Advisor

University of St. Thomas, MBA (2015) University of St. Thomas, BA (2005)

jhl@sitinvest.com



Brian R. Gilbert
Decision Support Systems
27 years investment experience

1994 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

1992 - 1994 Norwest Mortgage, Inc.,

Conventional Post-Closing Coordinator

1990 - 1992 Carlson Companies, T5 Project Coordinator

Northwestern College, BA and BS (1990)

brg@sitinvest.com



Nicholas F. Ochsner, CFA Taxable Credit Analyst 9 years investment experience

2017 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2015 - 2017 Health Care Service Corporation, Analyst

2012 - 2015 Blue Rock Advisors, Analyst

University of Minnesota, MBA (2020) University of Minnesota, BS (2011)

nfo@sitinvest.com



Michael J. Book Municipal Credit Associate 6 years investment experience

2019 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2015 - 2019 Piper Jaffray

University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire, BA (2015)

mjb@sitinvest.com



John J. Gibas
Vice President - Institutional Marketing

2012 - Present Sit Investment Associates, Inc.

2010 - 2012 RBC Global Asset Management,

Institutional Marketing

2008 - 2010 Piper Jaffray Investment Management,

Institutional Marketing

1998 - 2008 USBancorp, FAF Advisors, Institutional Marketing

1979 - 1998 Piper Jaffray, Institutional

1979 - 1996 Tiper Januay, Institutional

University of Minnesota, MBA (1981), BS (1977)

jjg@sitinvest.com

IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

Performance Results - Gross of Fees

Gross returns were calculated on a time-weighted total return basis, including all dividends and interest, accrued income, realized and unrealized gains or losses. Returns for periods greater than one year are annualized. Gross of fees performance is presented net of brokerage commissions and execution costs, but does not reflect deduction for custodial and investment advisory fees, or the impact of income taxes. These expenses will reduce a client's return. For example, a \$5 million portfolio earning a 10% annualized return over 5 years would be valued at \$8.1 million. The same portfolio with an annual fee of 0.75% would be valued at \$7.8 million net of investment management fees. Advisory fees are described in Form ADV part 2. Please see the composite presentation including net of fees results at the end of the disclosure section.

The composite presentation includes a description of the securities held in the composite portfolio.

Index returns are presented as total returns, reflecting both price performance and income from dividend payments. The indexes are unmanaged and reflect no fees or expenses.

Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that the value of an account may be worth more or less than the original invested cost.

This gross performance presentation is intended for use in meetings with certain investors, or to be provided to consultants who are instructed to provide this information only on a one-on-one basis with qualified clients with the above disclosures.

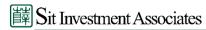
Supplemental Information

Portfolio characteristic information is supplemental to and complements the composite presentation at the end of the disclosure section. The account characteristic information presented is for the composite and is provided for illustrative purposes only. Characteristics of the composite may differ from other accounts in the composite. Allocations and security selection are subject to change. There is no assurance that any security discussed herein will remain in an account's portfolio.

The information provided in this report should not be considered a recommendation of any particular security or strategy.

eVestment Alliance Peer Ranks

Peer rankings represent percentile rankings which are based on monthly gross of fee returns and reflect where the Sit Investment composite returns fall within the indicated eVestment Alliance, LLC ("eVestment") universe. eVestment provides the institutional investment database which consists of institutional managers, investment consultants, plan sponsors and other similar financial institutions reporting on investment products. Performance figures are provided to eVestment by individual investment management firms for informational purposes only. eVestment does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness or availability of any information and is not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of such information. Additional information regarding eVestment rankings is available on eVestment's website. This presentation is intended for institutional investor use only.

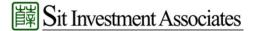


ESG (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE) PRACTICES

PHILOSOPHY AND INTEGRATION



Firm Perspective:



- Sit Investment Associates (Sit) strives to improve people's standard of living by achieving our clients' investment goals. Sit manages portfolios to provide long-term reward commensurate with acceptable risk. Sit believes that Integrating ESG principles into the investment process results in better long-term investment returns for our clients.
- Sit also strive to incorporate ESG principles into our own organization. Sit Investment Associates is a minority-owned business enterprise, and diversity and inclusion are an integral part of Sit's culture and history.
- Sit investment decisions are based on fundamental analysis and research. Our analysis of the suitability of an investment for a client's portfolio includes a variety of Tangible and Intangible factors:
 - **Tangible investment factors**: Those including financial information, valuation, and macroeconomic indicators
 - **Intangible investment factors**: Those related to the environment, society, and corporate governance (ESG). Identifying the potential impact of ESG factors is generally a more subjective process than traditional financial analysis. The evaluation of ESG factors is dependent on the industry, company, and management, and therefore will vary with each investment.
- Sit Investment Associates has applied to be a Signatory to the UN PRI standards and anticipates approval in 2021. Sit will incorporate current ESG standards expressed by UN PRI and respond to future enhancements.

ESG (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE) PRACTICES

Sit Fixed Income ESG Process:

- Within Sit fixed income strategies, our objective is to achieve the highest level of portfolio income with the least amount of risk. Corporate bonds whose issuers have higher than average ESG risks will thus have a higher relative value threshold (i.e., they will need to yield significantly more than a comparably rated security with lower ESG risks).
- Sit does not exclude sectors with more ESG risk, unless instructed by client guidelines, but higher ESG risk sectors will only have significant weight in our portfolios when they become attractive from a relative-value perspective.
- Sit fixed income corporate credit approach considers ESG-related risks as a single component of our bottom-up fundamental analysis. We do not restrict our corporate bond holdings to corporate issuers that score highly on ESG related-factors.
- Sit Fixed Income strategies are relative-value driven. We view corporate and credit bonds with ESG issues as riskier, and these securities will have a higher relative value threshold.

SIT INVESTMENT ASSOCIATES - MINORITY OWNERSHIP

Sit is an independent, employee-owned investment firm and one of the largest minority-owned firms in the industry:

- Total employees: 71
- Employees with ownership: 35
- Minority employee ownership: 81.6%
- Employee ownership: 88.8%

THE SIT FIXED INCOME ADVANTAGE

- Disciplined investment philosophy
- Enthusiastic client base
- Comprehensive monthly reporting
- Strong commitment to client service
- Demonstrated track record

- Compelling risk-adjusted returns
- Highly motivated investment team
- Independently owned Financially sound
- Strategies tailored to client needs
- Consistent return



MEMORANDUM

Date: October 27, 2021

To: CCCERA Board of Retirement

From: Timothy Price, Chief Investment Officer

Subject: Update on Private Equity and Real Estate Commitments

Overview

CCCERA recently made commitments to one private equity fund and one value add real estate fund using the delegated authority granted in the Investment Policy Statement. All commitments noted below are for the 2021 vintage year. A brief description of each fund is included below. This memo is for informational purposes only and no action is required from the Board at this time.

Investment Policy Statement

The CCCERA Investment Policy Statement adopted by the Board on September 28, 2016 (amended on April 24, 2019 and May 26, 2021) outlines the hiring process for new investment mandates. Commitments up to a \$150 million per fund may be approved via a staff review process, while mandates above this threshold require approval by the Board.

Trident Fund IX

Trident Fund IX is managed Stone Point Capital, based in Greenwich, CT. Trident IX is an upper middle market private equity fund focused on the financial services sector. Trident targets control investments in buyouts, growth-oriented recapitalizations, and de novo investment opportunities. CCCERA committed \$50 mm to Trident Fund IX. CCCERA previously committed to \$40 mm to Trident VIII.

INVESCO Fund VI

INVESCO Fund VI is managed by INVESCO Real Estate based in Dallas, TX. This is the successor fund to the value-added real estate series of funds that CCCERA has participated in for over a decade. Fund VI is the latest offering, targeted at \$1.3 billion investing in the domestic sectors of Industrial, Multifamily, Office, Retail, Self-Storage, and Data Center. CCCERA committed \$100 mm to Fund VI.



#11



MEMORANDUM

Date: October 27, 2021

To: **CCCERA Board of Retirement**

Gail Strohl, Chief Executive Officer From:

Pension administration system project update Subject:

Background

CCCERA's mission is to effectively and accurately administer pension benefits earned by our members and to be prudent stewards of plan assets. A critical piece of providing those benefits is an effective comprehensive pension administration system. The transition to a new pension administration system requires a great deal of work and commitment from all parties involved. There will be many benefits from the new system, including member and employer portals, internal workflow efficiencies, and an increased ability to serve members.

On April 14, 2021, the Board authorized the Chief Executive Officer to execute an agreement with Sagitec Solutions, LLC to provide administration system software, implementation, hosting and support services in an amount not to exceed \$13,000,000. Currently, the project end dates and budget are on target. There will be a project update from:

- Jasmine Lee, CCCERA's project manager/member services manager
- The Segal Group, Inc., Oversight Project Manager
- Sagitec, PAS vendor

This is the first of several updates the Board will be receiving through the course of this project.

Recommendation

This is informational only. No action is necessary.

CCCERA Pension Administration System (PAS) Modernization Project

Segal's Board Update

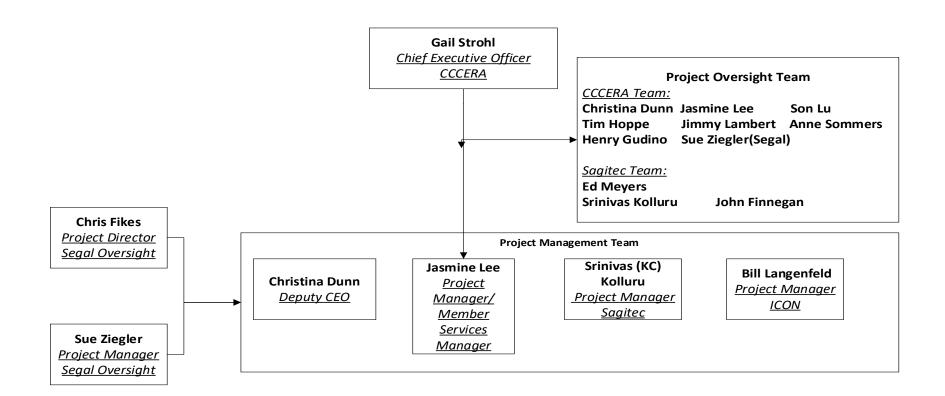
October 27, 2021



Agenda

- Project Management Team Structure
- High Level Project Scope
- Key Milestones Completed Since Project Start
- Key Milestones for Next 90 Days
- High Level Project Schedule
- Comparison of Project Schedule in the Contract to Current Sagitec Schedule
- Questions

Project Management Team Structure



High Level Project Scope

- New Pension Administration System (PAS) Implementation (CCCERA / Sagitec)
 - Browser-based PAS functionality for Business Users
 - Member Self-Service Portal
 - Employer Self-Service Portal
 - Imaging Integration with Pension Administration System
- Data Cleansing and Conversion (CCCERA / Sagitec / ICON)
 - Identification of all CPAS data that does not conform to current business rules
 - Cleansing of CPAS data
 - Mapping of CPAS data to new PAS
 - Conversion of data from legacy CPAS database to new PAS database (NeoSpin)



Key Milestones Completed: Since Project Start – 4/26/2021

- Project start-up activities complete
- Hosting Environment set-up complete
- Data Conversion Plan approved by all parties
- Requirements Confirmation Sessions complete
- Employer Meeting held to announce the project
- Confirmation received from Pilot Employers

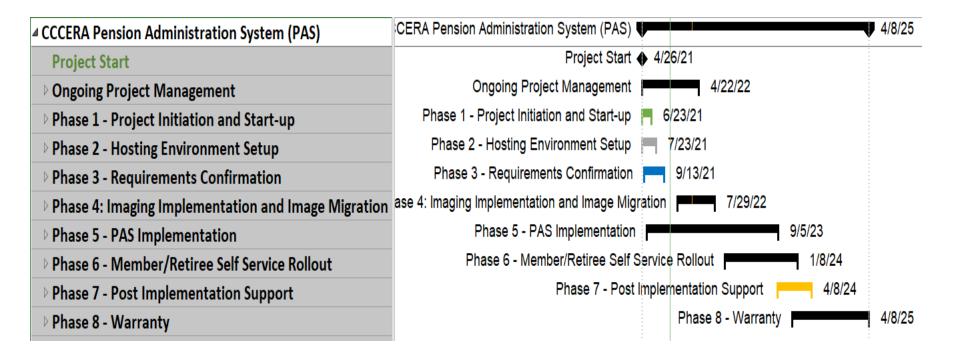
Key Milestones Completed: Since Project Start – 4/26/2021

- Data cleansing by CCCERA staff has begun
- Re-baselined project schedule approved
- Branding / Style Guides approved for LOB, Employer & Member Portals
- ICON continued data profiling activities and began the Project Management of Data Cleansing effort
- ICON/Sagitec began data mapping/conversion activities
- Began design review and approval for Pilot 1.

Key Milestones: Next 90 Days

- Continue with progress on the design approval(s) for Pilot 1
- Continue with progress on data profiling activities by ICON
- Continue with progress on data cleansing by CCCERA staff
- Provide project status / updates to CCCERA Employers
- Start development activities for Pilot 1 by Sagitec
- Continue data conversion activities for Pilot 1 by Sagitec / ICON

High Level Project Schedule — As of 9/1/21



Comparison of Contract Schedule Dates to Current Schedule Dates

Project Phase	Contract Schedule Finish Date	Current Schedule Finish Date
Phase 1 Project Initiation and Start-Up	7/22/21	6/23/21
Phase 2 Hosting Environment Setup	7/13/21	7/23/21
Phase 3 Requirements Confirmation	9/15/21	9/13/21
Phase 4 Imaging Implementation	5/5/22	7/29/22
Phase 5 PAS Implementation	9/5/23	9/5/23
Phase 6 Member/Retiree Self Service	1/8/24	1/8/24
Phase 7 Post Implementation Support	4/7/24	4/8/24
Phase 8 Warranty	4/7/25	4/8/25



Questions...?









CCCERA Online Retirement System Project Implementation Progress

October 27, 2021



Agenda



- Project Overall Performance
- Deliverables/Accomplishments
 - Phase 1 Project Initiation and Startup
 - Phase 2 Hosting Infrastructure Setup
 - Phase 3 Requirements Confirmation
 - Phase 5 PAS Implementation
- Data Conversion
- PAS Implementation: Planned Milestones/Deliverables Next Quarter.



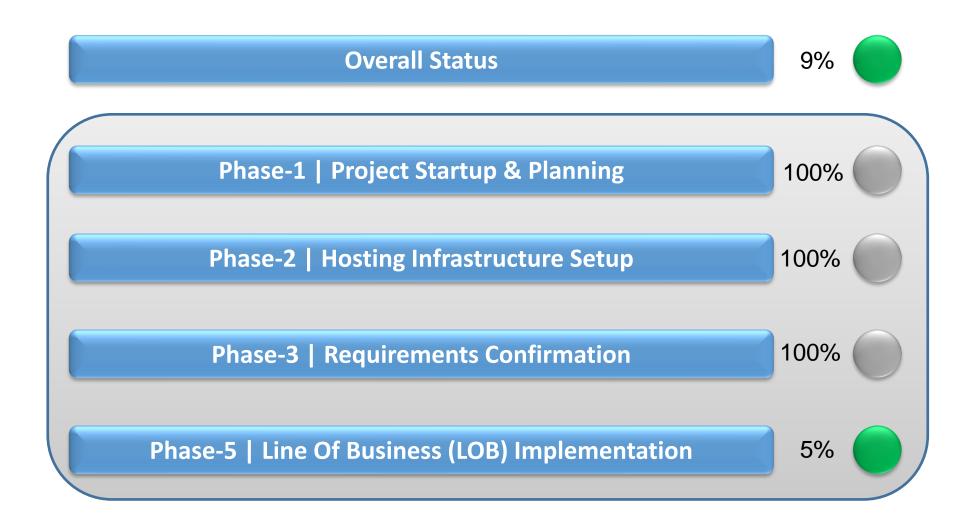


Project Overall Performance



Project Overall Performance









Deliverables/Accomplishments (Current Period)



Major deliverables/accomplishments



Phase 1 – Project Initiation & Startup

- 13 Project Management Plans reviewed and approved.
- CCCERA Project Sharepoint site layout reviewed and approved.
- Product implementation and delivery methodology approved.
- CCCERA Project Progress reporting methodology approved.

Phase 2 – Project Initiation & Startup

- NeoTrackTM environment Setup completed with the application setup.
- Initial environments (Development, Testing and Conversion) set up in MS Azure cloud.
- UAT, Training and Production environments planned before system go live.



Major deliverables/accomplishments



Phase 3 – Requirements Confirmation

- Legacy Application, Processes and Data reviewed.
- NeoTrack[™] (Sagitec's design tool) training provided to CCCERA.
- Requirements Traceability Matrix discussed and approved.
- Re-baselined Project workplan is approved.

Phase 5 – PAS Implementation

- Solution Branding (look/feel) approved for Line of Business and Employer Self Service.
- PAS Implementation Testing Plan and Software Release Management plans approved.
- Elaboration and Design for three foundational modules approved
 - Neobase
 Person Demographics
 Organization Demographics
- Solution configuration work is kicked off for NeoBase module.





Data Conversion



Data Conversion



- Data Conversion Plan is reviewed and approved.
- Legacy Data Review (LDR) completed and LDR document is shared with CCCERA.
- Data movement path of Legacy data being converted is finalized and approved.
- Initial data analysis commenced facilitating high-level data mapping.
- Two cycles of the Legacy Data base has been shared by ICON with Sagitec.
- High level data mapping for data conversion is 85% completed.





PAS Implementation: Planned Milestones/Deliverables - Next Quarter



Milestones/Deliverables – Next Quarter



- Elaboration and Design completion for 5 functional modules in Pilot 1.
- Completion of High-Level Data Mapping for the Data Conversion for Pilot 1.
- Completion of trial data conversion of foundation modules Person and Organization.
- Configuration of foundational modules NeoBase, Person and Organization.
- Starting of Unit and System testing for the foundation modules.
- Plan and Kick-Off Enterprise Content Management (ECM) Implementation.



Thank You



MEMORANDUM

Date: October 27, 2021

To: CCCERA Board of Retirement

From: Karen Levy, General Counsel

Subject: Resolution 2021-6 authorizing the Board to conduct teleconference meetings

under Government Code section 54953 (e)

Background

On March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California proclaimed a state of emergency to exist in California as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Governor issued an executive order that allowed local agencies to hold public meetings remotely without complying with all teleconferencing requirements of the Brown Act. Specifically, boards were not required to list each teleconference location on the agenda, make each teleconference location physically accessible to the public during the meeting, and give the public an opportunity to comment at each teleconference location. Since March 2020, the Board of Retirement and its Audit Committee have held public meetings virtually, as authorized by Executive Orders N-29-20, N-35-20, N-08-21 and N-15-21. The Executive Order authorization to conduct public meetings virtually expired September 30, 2021. To allow the continuation of virtual meetings, the legislature passed, and the Governor signed into law, Assembly Bill 361. AB 361 allows state and local boards the flexibility to conduct virtual (rather than in-person) public meetings during a proclaimed state of emergency. The new law was enacted as an urgency measure in September 2021 and became effective immediately.

Under the new law, California Government Code section 54953, subsection (e) authorizes local agencies to use special teleconferencing rules during a state of emergency declared by the state and either:

- A. State or local health officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing; or
- B. The legislative body is meeting to determine whether, or has determined, by majority vote, that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of meeting attendees.

When a legislative body uses the teleconferencing provisions under section 54953 (e), the following rules apply:

- The agency must provide notice of the meeting and post an agenda as required by the Brown Act, but the agenda does not need to list each teleconference location or be physically posted at each teleconference location.
- The agenda must state how members of the public can access the meeting and provide public comment.
- The agenda must include an option for all persons to attend via a call-in or internet-based service option.
- The legislative body must conduct the meeting in a manner that protects the constitutional and statutory rights of the public.
- If there is a disruption in the public broadcast of the meeting or of the call-in or internetbased meeting service, the legislative body must stop the meeting and take no further action on agenda items until public access and ability to comment is restored.
- The agency may not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must allow virtual comments to be submitted in real time.
- The legislative body must allow a reasonable amount of time per agenda item to permit members of the public to comment, including time to register or otherwise be recognized for the purposes of comment.
- If the body provides a timed period for all public comment on an item, it may not close that period before the time has elapsed.
- The body must reconsider the circumstances of the state of emergency and the findings in support of emergency teleconference meetings every 30 days.

Proclaimed State of Emergency and Health and Safety Guidance

Currently, the COVID-19 state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor is in effect. (See Attachment A.) The Contra Costa County Health Officer has issued recommendations for safely holding public meetings that include recommended measures to promote social distancing. (See Attachment B.) The County Health Officer's recommendations state: "On-line meetings (teleconferencing meetings) are strongly recommended as those meetings present the lowest risk of transmission of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19." The Center for Disease Control (CDC) also recommends physical distancing to slow the spread of COVID-19. (See Attachment C.)

Resolution 2021-6

The enclosed Resolution 2021-6 would authorize teleconferencing under section 54953 (e) for the next 30 days. It would determine that the State of California has declared a state of emergency related to COVID-19. The Resolution would further find that social distancing recommendations are in place and that there is an imminent risk of harm to members of the public, CCCERA staff and outside consultants, and trustees if in-person meetings open to the general public are conducted. If adopted, Resolution 2021-6 would authorize the Board and its subcommittee(s) to hold teleconference meetings consistent with the above described rules for the next 30 days.

If the Board wishes to continue teleconferencing under section 54953 (e), every 30 days after adopting resolution 2021-6 the Board must reconsider the circumstances of the state of emergency and find that one or both of the following circumstances exists:

- The state declared emergency continues to directly impact the ability to safely meet in person; or
- State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

Resolution 2021-6 would direct staff to return no later than 30 days after the resolution is adopted with an item for the Board to consider whether to continue meeting under the provisions of Government Code section 54953 (e).

If the state declared emergency no longer exists, or if the Board does not make these findings by majority vote, then it and its committee(s) will no longer be exempt from the Brown Act's non-emergency teleconferencing rules.

Recommendation

Consider and take possible action to adopt Resolution 2021-6 authorizing the Board and its subcommittee(s) to conduct teleconference meetings for the next 30 days under Government Code section 54953 (e) and make related findings.

Attachment A

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY

WHEREAS in December 2019, an outbreak of respiratory illness due to a novel coronavirus (a disease now known as COVID-19), was first identified in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China, and has spread outside of China, impacting more than 75 countries, including the United States; and

WHEREAS the State of California has been working in close collaboration with the national Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), with the United States Health and Human Services Agency, and with local health departments since December 2019 to monitor and plan for the potential spread of COVID-19 to the United States; and

WHEREAS on January 23, 2020, the CDC activated its Emergency Response System to provide ongoing support for the response to COVID-19 across the country; and

WHEREAS on January 24, 2020, the California Department of Public Health activated its Medical and Health Coordination Center and on March 2, 2020, the Office of Emergency Services activated the State Operations Center to support and guide state and local actions to preserve public health; and

WHEREAS the California Department of Public Health has been in regular communication with hospitals, clinics and other health providers and has provided guidance to health facilities and providers regarding COVID-19; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, across the globe, there are more than 94,000 confirmed cases of COVID-19, tragically resulting in more than 3,000 deaths worldwide; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, there are 129 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the United States, including 53 in California, and more than 9,400 Californians across 49 counties are in home monitoring based on possible travel-based exposure to the virus, and officials expect the number of cases in California, the United States, and worldwide to increase; and

WHEREAS for more than a decade California has had a robust pandemic influenza plan, supported local governments in the development of local plans, and required that state and local plans be regularly updated and exercised; and

WHEREAS California has a strong federal, state and local public health and health care delivery system that has effectively responded to prior events including the H1N1 influenza virus in 2009, and most recently Ebola; and



WHEREAS experts anticipate that while a high percentage of individuals affected by COVID-19 will experience mild flu-like symptoms, some will have more serious symptoms and require hospitalization, particularly individuals who are elderly or already have underlying chronic health conditions; and

WHEREAS it is imperative to prepare for and respond to suspected or confirmed COVID-19 cases in California, to implement measures to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, and to prepare to respond to an increasing number of individuals requiring medical care and hospitalization; and

WHEREAS if COVID-19 spreads in California at a rate comparable to the rate of spread in other countries, the number of persons requiring medical care may exceed locally available resources, and controlling outbreaks minimizes the risk to the public, maintains the health and safety of the people of California, and limits the spread of infection in our communities and within the healthcare delivery system; and

WHEREAS personal protective equipment (PPE) is not necessary for use by the general population but appropriate PPE is one of the most effective ways to preserve and protect California's healthcare workforce at this critical time and to prevent the spread of COVID-19 broadly; and

WHEREAS state and local health departments must use all available preventative measures to combat the spread of COVID-19, which will require access to services, personnel, equipment, facilities, and other resources, potentially including resources beyond those currently available, to prepare for and respond to any potential cases and the spread of the virus; and

WHEREAS I find that conditions of Government Code section 8558(b), relating to the declaration of a State of Emergency, have been met; and

WHEREAS I find that the conditions caused by COVID-19 are likely to require the combined forces of a mutual aid region or regions to appropriately respond; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8625(c), I find that local authority is inadequate to cope with the threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes, including the California Emergency Services Act, and in particular, Government Code section 8625, HEREBY PROCLAIM A STATE OF EMERGENCY to exist in California.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. In preparing for and responding to COVID-19, all agencies of the state government use and employ state personnel, equipment, and facilities or perform any and all activities consistent with the direction of the Office of Emergency Services and the State Emergency Plan, as well as the California Department of Public Health and the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Also, all residents are to heed the advice of emergency officials with regard to this emergency in order to protect their safety.
- 2. As necessary to assist local governments and for the protection of public health, state agencies shall enter into contracts to arrange for the procurement of materials, goods, and services needed to assist in preparing for, containing, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from the spread of COVID-19. Applicable provisions of the Government Code and the Public Contract Code, including but not limited to travel, advertising, and competitive bidding requirements, are suspended to the extent necessary to address the effects of COVID-19.
- 3. Any out-of-state personnel, including, but not limited to, medical personnel, entering California to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from COVID-19 shall be permitted to provide services in the same manner as prescribed in Government Code section 179.5, with respect to licensing and certification. Permission for any such individual rendering service is subject to the approval of the Director of the Emergency Medical Services Authority for medical personnel and the Director of the Office of Emergency Services for non-medical personnel and shall be in effect for a period of time not to exceed the duration of this emergency.
- 4. The time limitation set forth in Penal Code section 396, subdivision (b), prohibiting price gouging in time of emergency is hereby waived as it relates to emergency supplies and medical supplies. These price gouging protections shall be in effect through September 4, 2020.
- 5. Any state-owned properties that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable for use to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services for this purpose, notwithstanding any state or local law that would restrict, delay, or otherwise inhibit such use.
- 6. Any fairgrounds that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services pursuant to the Emergency Services Act, Government Code section 8589. The Office of Emergency Services shall notify the fairgrounds of the intended use and can immediately use the fairgrounds without the fairground board of directors' approval, and



- notwithstanding any state or local law that would restrict, delay, or otherwise inhibit such use.
- 7. The 30-day time period in Health and Safety Code section 101080, within which a local governing authority must renew a local health emergency, is hereby waived for the duration of this statewide emergency. Any such local health emergency will remain in effect until each local governing authority terminates its respective local health emergency.
- 8. The 60-day time period in Government Code section 8630, within which local government authorities must renew a local emergency, is hereby waived for the duration of this statewide emergency. Any local emergency proclaimed will remain in effect until each local governing authority terminates its respective local emergency.
- 9. The Office of Emergency Services shall provide assistance to local governments that have demonstrated extraordinary or disproportionate impacts from COVID-19, if appropriate and necessary, under the authority of the California Disaster Assistance Act, Government Code section 8680 et seq., and California Code of Regulations, Title 19, section 2900 et seq.
- 10. To ensure hospitals and other health facilities are able to adequately treat patients legally isolated as a result of COVID-19, the Director of the California Department of Public Health may waive any of the licensing requirements of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code and accompanying regulations with respect to any hospital or health facility identified in Health and Safety Code section 1250. Any waiver shall include alternative measures that, under the circumstances, will allow the facilities to treat legally isolated patients while protecting public health and safety. Any facilities being granted a waiver shall be established and operated in accordance with the facility's required disaster and mass casualty plan. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.
- 11.To support consistent practices across California, state departments, in coordination with the Office of Emergency Services, shall provide updated and specific guidance relating to preventing and mitigating COVID-19 to schools, employers, employees, first responders and community care facilities by no later than March 10, 2020.
- 12. To promptly respond for the protection of public health, state entities are, notwithstanding any other state or local law, authorized to share relevant medical information, limited to the patient's underlying health conditions, age, current condition, date of exposure, and possible contact tracing, as necessary to address the effect of the COVID-19 outbreak with state, local, federal, and nongovernmental partners, with such information to be used for the limited purposes of monitoring, investigation and control, and treatment and coordination of care. The

notification requirement of Civil Code section 1798.24, subdivision (i), is suspended.

- 13. Notwithstanding Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218, during the course of this emergency, any EMT-P licensees shall have the authority to transport patients to medical facilities other than acute care hospitals when approved by the California EMS Authority. In order to carry out this order, to the extent that the provisions of Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218 may prohibit EMT-P licensees from transporting patients to facilities other than acute care hospitals, those statutes are hereby suspended until the termination of this State of Emergency.
- 14. The Department of Social Services may, to the extent the Department deems necessary to respond to the threat of COVID-19, waive any provisions of the Health and Safety Code or Welfare and Institutions Code, and accompanying regulations, interim licensing standards, or other written policies or procedures with respect to the use, licensing, or approval of facilities or homes within the Department's jurisdiction set forth in the California Community Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1500 et seq.), the California Child Day Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1596.70 et seq.), and the California Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly Act (Health and Safety Code section 1569 et seq.). Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this proclamation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of March 2020

NEWSOM
Overnor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA Secretary of State



Attachment B

Anna M. Roth, RN, MS, MPH Health Services Director Chris Farnitano, MD Health Officer



OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

1220 Morello, Suite 200 Martinez, CA 94553

Ph (925) 957-2679 Fax (925) 957-2651

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SAFELY HOLDING PUBLIC MEETINGS

Each local government agency is authorized to determine whether to hold public meetings in person, online (teleconferencing only), or via a combination of methods. The following are recommendations from Contra Costa County Health Services to minimize the risk of COVID-19 transmission during a public meeting:

- 1. Online meetings (teleconferencing meetings) are strongly recommended as those meetings present the lowest risk of transmission of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19.
- 2. If a local agency determines to hold in-person meetings, offering the public the opportunity to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option is recommended, when possible, to give those at higher risk of and/or higher concern about COVID-19 an alternative to participating in person.
- 3. A written safety protocol should be developed and followed. It is recommended that the protocol require social distancing i.e., six feet of separation between attendees and face masking of all attendees.
- 4. Seating arrangements should allow for staff and members of the public to easily maintain at least six-foot distance from one another at all practicable times.
- 5. Consider holding public meetings outdoors. Increasing scientific consensus is that outdoor airflow reduces the risk of COVID-19 transmission compared to indoor spaces. Hosting events outdoors also may make it easier to space staff and members of the public at least six feet apart.
- 6. Current evidence is unclear as to the added benefit of temperature checks in addition to symptom checks. We encourage focus on symptom checks as they may screen out individuals with symptoms but no fever and help reinforce the message to not go out in public if you are not feeling well.
- 7. Consider a voluntary attendance sheet with names and contact information to assist in contact tracing of any cases linked to a public meeting.

Chris Farnitano, MD
Health Officer, Contra Costa County
Revised 9.20.2021



Attachment C

How to Protect Yourself and Others

Accessible version: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/prevention.html

Know how it spreads



- The best way to prevent COVID-19 is to avoid being exposed to this virus.
- The virus is thought to spread mainly from person-to-person.
 - » Between people who are in close contact with one another (within about 6 feet).
 - » Through respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs, sneezes or talks.
 - » These droplets can land in the mouths or noses of people who are nearby or possibly be inhaled into the lungs.
 - » COVID-19 may be spread by people who are not showing symptoms.

Everyone should

Clean your hands often



- **Wash your hands** often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after you have been in a public place, or after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing.
- If soap and water are not readily available, use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

Avoid close contact



- Limit contact with people who don't live in your household as much as possible.
- **Avoid close contact** with people who are sick.
- Put distance between yourself and other people.
 - » Remember that some people without symptoms may be able to spread virus.
 - » This is especially important for **people who are at increased risk for severe illness.** https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/index.html.



Cover your mouth and nose with a mask when around others



- You could spread COVID-19 to others even if you do not feel sick.
- Everyone should wear a mask in public settings and when around people not living in their household, especially when social distancing is difficult to maintain.
 - » Masks should not be placed on young children under age 2, anyone who has trouble breathing, or is unconscious, incapacitated or otherwise unable to remove the mask without assistance.
- A mask helps prevent a person who is sick from spreading the virus to others, and offers some protection to the wearer as well.
- Do NOT use a facemask meant for a healthcare worker.
- Continue to **keep at least 6 feet between yourself and others.** The mask is not a substitute for social distancing.

Cover coughs and sneezes -



- **Always cover your mouth and nose** with a tissue when you cough or sneeze or use the inside of your elbow.
- Throw used tissues in the trash.
- Immediately **wash your hands** with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, clean your hands with a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.

Clean and disinfect



- Clean AND disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily. This includes tables, doorknobs, light switches, countertops, handles, desks, phones, keyboards, toilets, faucets, and sinks. www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/disinfecting-your-home.html
- If surfaces are dirty, clean them: Use detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.
- Then, use a household disinfectant. You can see a list of <u>EPA-registered</u> household disinfectants here.

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT CONTRA COSTA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

AUTHORIZING TELECONFERENCE MEETINGS UNDER GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54953(e)

Recitals

All meetings of the Board of Retirement are open to the general public, as required by the Ralph M. Brown Act (California Government Code sections 54950 *et seq.*)

On March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom proclaimed the existence of a state of emergency in California under the California Emergency Services Act, California Government Code Section 8550 *et seq.*

On March 10, 2020, the Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors found that due to the introduction of COVID-19 in the County, conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property had arisen, commencing on March 3, 2020. Based on these conditions, pursuant to Government Code section 8630, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 2020/92, proclaiming the existence of a local emergency throughout the County.

On March 17 and 21, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Orders N-29-20 and N 35-20, which suspended the teleconferencing rules set forth in the California Open Meeting law, Government Code section 54950 *et seq.* (the Brown Act), provided certain requirements were met and followed.

On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-08-21, which clarified the suspension of the teleconferencing rules set forth in the Brown Act and further provided that those provisions would remain suspended through September 30, 2021.

On September 16, 2021, Governor Newsom signed Assembly Bill 361, which provides that under Government Code section 54953(e), a legislative body subject to the Brown Act may continue to meet using teleconferencing without complying with the non-emergency teleconferencing rules in Government Code section 54953(b)(3) if a state declared state of emergency exists and either state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing or meeting in person would present imminent risks to health and safety of meeting attendees. Assembly Bill 361 was passed as an urgency bill and became effective on October 1, 2021 pursuant to Executive Order N-15-21.

On September 20, 2021, the Contra Costa County Health Officer issued recommendations for safely holding public meetings that include recommended measures to promote social distancing. Among the Health Officer's recommendations: "on-line meetings (teleconferencing meetings) are strongly recommended as those meetings present the lowest risk of transmission of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19."

As of October 19, 2021, the community transmission level in Contra Costa County was ranked as "Substantial (Since 9/26)."

The California Department of Public Health (CDPH) and the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) caution that the Delta variant of COVID-19, currently the dominant strain of COVID-19 in the country, is more transmissible than prior variants of the virus, may cause more severe illness, and even fully vaccinated individuals can spread the virus to others resulting in rapid and alarming rates of COVID-19 cases and hospitalizations.

In the interest of public health and safety, as affected by the emergency caused by the spread of COVID-19, the Board of Retirement intends to follow the provisions of Government Code section 54953 (e), added by Assembly Bill 361, related to teleconferencing.

RESOLUTION

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that:

- 1. The Board of Retirement finds that the state of emergency proclaimed by Governor Newsom on March 4, 2020 remains in place.
- 2. The Board of Retirement finds that the Contra Costa County Health Officer has strongly recommended that public meetings be held by teleconferencing as those meetings present the lowest risk of transmission of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19.
- 3. The Board of Retirement finds that in person meetings of the Board of Retirement are open to the general public and would present imminent risks to the health or safety of the public, staff, outside consultants and trustees attending public meetings, in light of the high case rate of COVID-19 infections in the County.
- 4. As authorized by Assembly Bill 361, effective immediately and for the next 30 days the Board of Retirement and its committee(s) will use teleconferencing for meetings in accordance with the provisions of Government Code section 54953(e).
- 5. These findings apply to all committees established by the Board.
- 6. Effective immediately, and for the next 30 days, the Board of Retirement and its committee(s) shall use teleconferencing for meetings in accordance with the provisions of Government Code section 54953 (e).
- 7. Staff is authorized and directed to take all actions necessary to implement the intent and purpose of this resolution, including conducting open and public meetings in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e) and all other applicable provisions of the Brown Act.
- 8. Staff is directed to return to the Board, no later than 30 days after this resolution is adopted, with an item to reconsider the state of emergency and whether to continue meeting virtually under the provisions of Government Code section 54953 (e) and to make required findings.

SSOCIATION AYES	N THIS TWENTY SEVENTH DAY OF OCTOBER 2021.
NOES	
ABST	IN:
ABSE	T:
	Scott W. Gordon Chairperson of the Board of Retirement
	Attest:
	Jerry R. Holcombe

Secretary of the Board of Retirement

THIS RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED BY THE AFFIRMATIVE VOTE OF THE BOARD OF

RETIREMENT OF THE CONTRA COSTA COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT



MEMORANDUM

Date: October 27, 2021

To: CCCERA Board of Retirement

From: Karen Levy, General Counsel

Subject: State Association of County Retirement Systems 2022 Legislative Proposal

Background

The State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS) Legislative Committee is recommending a legislative proposal for SACRS sponsorship for 2022. The proposal will be voted on by the SACRS member systems at the Business Meeting of the SACRS Fall Conference, Friday, November 12, 2021. SACRS member systems may vote to support, oppose, or take no position on the legislative proposal. A copy of the Summary Matrix and the 2022 CERL Clean-Up Bill is enclosed.

Recommendation

Consider and take possible action to direct the CCCERA Board voting delegate to vote to support the 2022 SACRS legislative proposal at the November 2021 SACRS Conference.

2022 CERL Clean-Up Bill

Issue	Gov Code	Topic	Issue/Justification
			This amendment would allow a member to designate a corporation, trust, or estate to
			receive his or her last check upon death. This does not allow an estate or trust to
			receive ongoing payments. Note: Members who choose Option 1 already can designate
1	31 <i>1</i> 152 7	Beneficiaries - Designating Estate	an estate to receive the balance of contributions.
	31432.7	Designating Estate	This amendment would delete the requirement that Board of Retirement regulations
			must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. This language is a holdover from when
			CERL systems were managed by a county department, and was adopted prior to the
		Board of Supervisor approval of Board of	passage on Prop.162 in 1992. Adoption of regulations is part of the BOR's duty to
2	31525	Retirement regulations	administer the system.
	31323	recircine regulations	·
			This amendment would note a potential federal pre-emption issue regarding purchasing
			prior military reserve service. Current statute establishes that prior service purchases
			from another public agency must not yield a pension from that agency. However, 10 U.S.C. § 12736 provides that a period of military service may not be excluded from credit
			towards a civilian employment pension just because that period also counts towards
			reservist retirement. Thus, the question arises which statute prevails in a conflict
			between 10 U.S.C. § 12736 and Section 31641.4. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal
			considered that question in Cantwell v. San Mateo County, 631 F.2d 631 (9th Cir. 1980),
3	31641.4	Prior Service Military Reserve Service	and determined that federal law overrides Section 31641.4.
		,	This amendment would include all leaves that are covered under the FMLA that are not
4	31646	Service Purchase for FMLA Leave	due to the illness of the member.
			This amendment would provide boards with authority to prevent temporary mandatory
			furloughs from impacting member benefits under specified circumstances. Similar to
			CalPERS statutes (see GC 20968, 20969, 20969.1, 20969.2), but granting more discretion
			to boards, this proposed new code section may help avoid inequities that can arise
			because of the timing of temporary mandatory furloughs in relation to members'
	21616 VV	Furloughs	planned retirements.
5	31040.88	runougns	

As of September 2021

			This amendment would add clarifying language that nonsalaried positions and per
			diems do not count as double dipping for members appointed to boards and
			commissions under purview of a participating employer of a county system; similar to
6	31680.2	Post-Retirement Employment	language of 7522.57 for state boards and commission.
			This amendment would allow members to change optional allowance if subsequently
			granted disability retirement, regardless of when the member filed a Disability
			Retirement application. Currently, Section 31725.7 only allows a benefit option change
			for members who retired for service after filing a disability retirement application but
			does not provide the same ability for those who retired for service before filing an
	24725 7	5. 1.0. 5	application, even though both members may subsequently be granted a disability
_		Disability Retirement: Optional	retirement.
7	31760	Allowances	
			This amendment restructures the sections to provide more clarity; no substantive
			changes. The sections on the nonservice-connected disability retirement benefit formula
			distinguish between those retiring on or after age 65 for general and on or after age 55
	31726		for safety versus those retiring under these ages in the same section: 31726 and
8	31726.5	Nonservice-connected disability	31726.5.
			This amendment addresses the scenario in which an employer does not offer to take the
			employee back who has been found to no longer be incapacitated. The proposed
			amendment would convert convert the disability retirement into service retirement
			without adjusting benefit (i.e. actuarial reduction). This conforms to existing practice of
			several systems. Note: Similar to GC 21193 in which CalPERS only reinstates if the local
			employer offers to take the employee back.
9		Disability Reinstatement	
	31761		
	31762		This amendment would insert the word "natural" in front of the phrase "person having
	31763		an insurable interest in his or her life" to clarify that the optional retirement settlement
10	31764	Beneficiary Designation	death benefit cannot be paid to a fictitious person such as a trust or corporation.
			This amendment would add language consistent with other CERL sections that provide
			direction on the calculation of compensation earnable and pensionable compensation
			when the member is on a leave of absence during the 12 months immediately preceding
11	31781	Lump Sum Death Benefit	the member's death.

As of September 2021

		Section 31838.5 prevents windfalls for members who retire for disability from one or
		more systems. This amendment would clarify that a CERL system must reduce a
		member's allowance from that system as much as necessary so that the member does
		not receive a combined allowance that is "greater than the amount the member would
		have received had all the member's service been with only one entity." The statute
		currently refers to a pro rata reduction by each system, but some systems (like CalPERS)
		are not subject to section 31838.5 and do not make any reduction. This may leave the
		member with the windfall that section 31838.5 is designed to prevent, depending upon
		how a system calculates its "pro rata" reduction. This statute would make clear that the
		windfalls section 31838.5 is designed to prevent should always be prevented.
12	31838.5 Concurrent Retirement: Disability	

Issue 1: 31452.7 – Beneficiaries Designating Estate

This amendment would allow a member to designate a corporation, trust, or estate to receive his or her last check upon death. This does not allow an estate or trust to receive ongoing payments. Note: Members who choose Option 1 already can designate an estate to receive the balance of contributions.

Section 31452.7 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- (a) Upon the death of any member after retirement, any retirement allowance earned but not yet paid to the member shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, be paid to the member's designated beneficiary.
- (b) Upon the death of any person receiving a survivor's allowance under this chapter, any allowance earned but not yet paid to the survivor shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, be paid to the survivor's designated beneficiary.
- (c) For purposes of this section, "beneficiary" includes, but is not limited to, a corporation, a trust, or an estate.

Issue 2: 31525 – BOR Regulations

This amendment would delete the requirement that Board of Retirement regulations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. This language is a holdover from when CERL systems were managed by a county department, and was adopted prior to the passage on Prop. 162 in 1992. Adoption of regulations is part of the BOR's duty to administer the system.

Section 31525 of the Government Code is amended to read:

The board may make regulations not inconsistent with this chapter, the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013, The California Pension Protection Act of 1992, and any other provisions of law applicable to county retirement systems. The regulations become effective when approved by the board of supervisors.

Issue 3: 31641.4 -- Prior Military Reserve Service

This amendment would note a potential federal pre-emption issue regarding purchasing prior military reserve service. Current statute establishes that prior service purchases from another public agency must not yield a pension from that agency. However, 10 U.S.C. § 12736 provides that a period of military service may not be excluded from credit towards a civilian employment pension just because that period also counts towards reservist retirement. Thus, the question arises which statute prevails in a

conflict between 10 U.S.C. § 12736 and Section 31641.4. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal considered that question in Cantwell v. San Mateo County, 631 F.2d 631 (9th Cir. 1980), and determined that federal law overrides Section 31641.4.

Section 31641.4 of the Government Code is amended to read:

A member shall receive credit for employment in public service only for such service as he is not entitled to receive a pension or retirement allowance from such public agency. The service for which he elects to contribute and the fact that no pension or retirement allowance will accrue to such member by virtue of his employment in such public agency must be certified to by an officer of the public agency where he rendered such public service or must be established to the satisfaction of the board. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits a member from receiving credit for a period of federal public service where federal law expressly permits such credit even though the member is already entitled to receive a pension or retirement allowance from that service (Cantwell v. San Mateo County, 631 F.2d 631 (9th Cir. 1980)).

Issue 4: 31646 – Credit for Uncompensated Leave of Absence for Illness; Parental Leave; Conditions

This amendment would include all leaves that are covered under the FMLA that are not due to the illness of the member.

Section 31646 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- (a) A member who returns to active service following an uncompensated leave of absence on account of illness may receive service credit for the period of the absence upon the payment of the contributions that the member would have paid during that period, together with the interest that the contributions would have earned had they been on deposit, if the member was not absent. The contributions may be paid in a lump sum or may be paid on a monthly basis for a period of not more than the length of the period for which service credit is claimed. Credit shall not be received for any period of such an absence in excess of 12 consecutive months.
- (b) (1) A member who returns to active service following an uncompensated leave of absence on account of parental leave may receive service credit for the period of the absence upon the payment of the contributions that the member and the employer would have paid during that period, together with the interest that the contributions would have earned had they been on deposit, if the member was not absent. For purposes of this subdivision, parental leave is defined as any time, up to one year, during which a member is granted an approved maternity or paternity leave and returns to employment at the end of the approved leave for a period of time at least equal to that leave. The contributions may be paid in a lump sum or may be paid on a monthly basis for a period of not more than the length of the period for which service credit is

claimed. Credit shall not be received for any period of such an absence in excess of 12 consecutive months.

- (2) This subdivision shall not be operative until the board of supervisors, by resolution adopted by majority vote, makes the provisions applicable to that county and applies it to parental leave that commences after the adoption by the board of supervisors.
- (c) (1) A member who returns to active service following an uncompensated leave of absence on account of the serious illness of a family member when the absence is eligible for coverage under the Family Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. section 2601 et. seq., or the California Family Rights Act, Government Code section 12945 et. seq., may receive service credit for the period of the absence upon the payment of the contributions that the member and the employer would have paid during that period, together with the interest that the contributions would have earned had they been on deposit, if the member was not absent. For purposes of this subdivision, leave on account of illness of a family member is defined as any time, up to one year, during which a member is granted an approved leave to care for a seriously ill family member and returns to employment at the end of the approved leave for a period of time at least equal to that leave. The contributions may be paid in a lump sum or may be paid on a monthly basis for a period of not more than the length of the period for which service credit is claimed. Credit shall not be received for any period of such an absence in excess of 12 consecutive months.
- (2) This subdivision shall not be operative until the board of supervisors, by resolution adopted by majority vote, makes the provisions applicable to that county and applies it to leave that commences after the adoption by the board of supervisors.

Issue 5: 31646.XX – Furloughs

This amendment would provide boards with authority to prevent temporary mandatory furloughs from impacting member benefits under specified circumstances. Similar to CalPERS statutes (see GC 20968, 20969, 20969.1, 20969.2), but granting more discretion to boards, this proposed new code section may help avoid inequities that can arise because of the timing of temporary mandatory furloughs in relation to members' planned retirements.

Section 31646.XX of the Government Code is added to read:

The board may grant members who are subject to a temporary mandatory furlough the same service credit and "compensation earnable" or "pensionable compensation" to which the members would have been entitled in the absence of the temporary mandatory furlough. The board may condition such grant on the receipt of additional member and/or employer contributions that the board

determines are necessary to fund any benefits granted under this section on an actuarially sound basis.

For the purposes of this section, a "temporary mandatory furlough" refers to time during which a member is directed to be absent from work without pay for up to one quarter of the member's normal working hours, with such reduced working hours in place for no longer than two years.

Issue 6: 31680.20 – Postretirement Employment

This amendment would add clarifying language that nonsalaried positions and per diems do not count as double dipping for members appointed to boards and commissions under purview of a participating employer of a county system; similar to language of 7522.57 for state boards and commission.

Section 31680.20 of the Government Code is added to read:

A person who is retired under this chapter may serve without reinstatement from retirement or loss or interruption of benefits under this chapter or the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 provided the service is on a part-time state, county, city, district, or other political subdivision board or commission. A retired person whose employment without reinstatement is authorized by this subdivision shall acquire no benefits, service credit, or retirement rights with respect to the employment. Part-time service is limited to less than 20 hours per week, and salary or stipend of the part-time service may not exceed \$60,000 annually.

Issue 7: 31725.7, 31760 – Disability Retirement: Optional Allowances

This amendment would allow members to change optional allowance if subsequently granted disability retirement, regardless of when the member filed a Disability Retirement application. Currently, Section 31725.7 only allows a benefit option change for members who retired for service after filing a disability retirement application but does not provide the same ability for those who retired for service before filing an application, even though both members may subsequently be granted a disability retirement.

Section 31725.7 of the Government Code is amended to read:

(a) At any time after filing an application for disability retirement with the board, the member may, if eligible, apply for, and the board in its discretion may grant, a service retirement allowance pending the determination of his or her entitlement to disability retirement. If he or she is found to be eligible for disability retirement, appropriate

adjustments shall be made in his or her retirement allowance retroactive to the effective date of his or her disability retirement as provided in Section 31724.

- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), this section shall also apply to a member retired for service who subsequently files an application for disability retirement with the board. If he or she is found to be eligible for disability retirement, appropriate adjustments shall be made in his or her retirement allowance retroactive to the effective date of his or her disability retirement as provided in Section 31724.
- (b)(c) This section shall not be construed to authorize a member to receive more than one type of retirement allowance for the same period of time nor to entitle any beneficiary to receive benefits which the beneficiary would not otherwise have been entitled to receive under the type of retirement which the member is finally determined to have been entitled. In the event a member retired for service is found not to be entitled to disability retirement he or she shall not be entitled to return to his or her job as provided in Section 31725.
- (c)(d) If the retired member should die before a final determination is made concerning entitlement to disability retirement, the rights of the beneficiary shall be as selected by the member at the time of retirement for service. The optional or unmodified type of allowance selected by the member at the time of retirement for service shall also be binding as to the type of allowance the member receives if the member is awarded a disability retirement.
- (d)(e) Notwithstanding subdivision (e)(d), if the retired member should die before a final determination is made concerning entitlement to disability retirement, the rights of the beneficiary may be as selected by the member at the time of retirement for service, or as if the member had selected an unmodified allowance. The optional or unmodified type of allowance selected by the member at the time of retirement for service shall not be binding as to the type of allowance the member receives if the member is awarded a disability retirement. A change to the optional or unmodified type of allowance shall be made only at the time a member is awarded a disability retirement and the change shall be retroactive to the service retirement date and benefits previously paid shall be adjusted. If a change to the optional or unmodified type of allowance is not made, the benefit shall be adjusted to reflect the differences in retirement benefits previously received. This paragraph shall only apply to members who retire on or after January 1, 1999.

Section 31760 of the Government Code is amended to read:

(a) Except as provided in subdivisions **(b) and (c),** until the first payment of any retirement allowance is made, a member or retired member, in lieu of the retirement allowance for the member's life alone, may elect to have the actuarial equivalent of his or her retirement allowance as of the date of retirement applied to a lesser retirement

allowance payable throughout life in accordance with one of the optional settlements specified in this article.

- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a member who applies for disability and is subsequently granted a service retirement pending a determination of entitlement to disability may change the type of optional or unmodified allowance that he or she elected at the time the service retirement was granted, subject to the provisions of Section 31725.7.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a member retired for service who applies for and is subsequently granted a disability retirement may change the type of optional or unmodified allowance that he or she elected at the time the service retirement was granted, subject to the provisions of Section 31725.7.

Issue 8: Sections 31726 and 31726.5: Nonservice-connected disability

This amendment restructures the sections to provide more clarity; no substantive changes. The sections on the nonservice-connected disability retirement benefit formula distinguish between those retiring on or after age 65 for general and on or after age 55 for safety versus those retiring under these ages in the same section: 31726 and 31726.5.

Section 31726 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- (a) Upon retirement for non-service nonservice-connected disability a member who has attained age 65 shall receive his or her service retirement allowance.
- **(b)** Every member under age 65 who is retired for non-servicenonservice-connected disability and who is not simultaneously retired as a member on deferred retirement of the StatePublic Employees' Retirement System or a retirement system established under this chapter in another county shall receive a disability retirement allowance which shall be the greater of the following:
- (a)(1) The sum to which he or she would be entitled as service retirement; or
- (b)(2) A sum which shall consist of any of the following:
- (1)(A) An annuity which is the actuarial equivalent of his or her accumulated contributions at the time of his or her retirement.
- (2)(B) If, in the opinion of the board, his or her disability is not due to intemperate use of alcoholic liquor or drugs, willful misconduct, or violation of law on his or her part, a disability retirement pension purchased by contributions of the county or district.
- (3)(C) If, in the opinion of the board, his or her disability is not due to conviction of a felony or criminal activity which caused or resulted in the member's disability, a disability retirement pension purchased by contributions of the county or district. This paragraph

shall only apply to a person who becomes a member of the system on or after January 1, 1988.

Section 31726.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- (a) Upon retirement for nonservice-connected disability a safety member who has attained age 55 shall receive his or her service retirement allowance.
- **(b)** Every safety member under age 55 who is retired for nonservice-connected disability and who is not simultaneously retired as a member on deferred retirement of the Public Employees' Retirement System or a retirement system established under this chapter in another county shall receive a disability retirement allowance which shall be the greater of:
- (a)(1) The sum to which he or she would be entitled to as service retirement; or
- (b)(2) A sum which shall consist of:
- (1)(A) An annuity which is the actuarial equivalent of his or her accumulated contributions at the time of his or her retirement.
- (2)(B) If, in the opinion of the board, his or her disability is not due to intemperate use of alcoholic liquor or drugs, willful misconduct, or violation of law on his or her part, a disability retirement pension purchased by contributions of the county or district.
- (3)(C) If, in the opinion of the board, his or her disability is not due to conviction of a felony or criminal activity which caused or resulted in the member's disability, a disability retirement pension purchased by contributions of the county or district.

Paragraph 3Subparagraph (C) shall only apply to a person who becomes a member of the association on or after January 1, 1988.

Issue 9: 31730 - Disability Reinstatement

This amendment addresses the scenario in which an employer does not offer to take the employee back who has been found to no longer be incapacitated. The proposed amendment would convert convert the disability retirement into service retirement without adjusting benefit (i.e. actuarial reduction). This conforms to existing practice of several systems. Note: Similar to GC 21193 in which CalPERS only reinstates if the local employer offers to take the employee back.

Section 31730 of the Government Code is amended to read as follows:

(a) If the board determines that the beneficiary is not incapacitated, and his or her employer offers to reinstate that beneficiary, his or her retirement allowance shall be

canceled forthwith, and he or she shall be reinstated in the county service pursuant to the regulations of the county or district for reemployment of personnel.

(b) If the board determines that the beneficiary is not incapacitated, and his or her employer does not offer to reinstate that beneficiary, notwithstanding any requirement of this chapter regarding eligibility therefor, his or her retirement allowance shall be reclassified to a service retirement in the same amount and subject to any applicable future cost of living adjustments. The optional or unmodified type of allowance selected by the beneficiary at the time of retirement for disability shall be binding as to the service retirement.

Issue 10: 31761, 31762, 31763, and 31764 – Optional Retirement Allowances:

This amendment would insert the word "natural" in front of the phrase "person having an insurable interest in his or her life" to clarify that the optional retirement settlement death benefit cannot be paid to a fictitious person such as a trust or corporation.

Sections 31761, 31762, 31763, and 31764 of the Government Code are amended to read:

31761 – Optional settlement 1 consists of the right to elect in writing to have a retirement allowance paid him or her until his or her death and, if he or she dies before he or she receives in annuity payments the amount of his or her accumulated contributions at retirement, to have the balance at death paid to his or her estate or to the <u>natural</u> person, having an insurable interest in his or her life, as he or she nominates by written designation duly executed and filed with the board.

31762 – Optional settlement 2 consists of the right to elect in writing to have a retirement allowance paid to him or her until his or her death, and thereafter to the **natural** person, having an insurable interest in his or her life, as he or she nominates by written designation duly executed and filed with the board at the time of his or her retirement.

31763 – Optional settlement 3 consists of the right to elect in writing to have a retirement allowance paid him or her until his or her death, and thereafter to have one-half of his or her retirement allowance paid to the natural person, having an insurable interest in his or her life, as he or she nominates by written designation duly executed and filed with the board at the time of his or her retirement.

31764 – Optional settlement 4 consists of the right to elect in writing to have a retirement allowance paid him or her until his or her death and thereafter to have other benefits as are approved by the board, upon the advice of the actuary, continued throughout the life of and paid to the <u>natural</u> persons, having an insurable interest in his or her life, as he or she nominates by written designation duly executed and filed with the board at the time of his or her retirement. The designation shall not, in the opinion of the board and the actuary, place any additional burden upon the retirement system.

Issue 11: 31781 – Death Benefit; Elements

This amendment would add language consistent with other CERL sections that provide direction on the calculation of compensation earnable and pensionable compensation when the member is on a leave of absence during the 12 months immediately preceding the member's death.

Section 31781 of the Government Code is amended to read:

The death benefit shall consist of:

- (a) The member's accumulated contributions.
- (b) An amount, provided from contributions by the county or district, equal to one-twelfth of the annual compensation earnable or pensionable compensation as defined in <u>Section 7522.34</u>, whichever is applicable, by the deceased during the 12 months immediately preceding his death, multiplied by the number of completed years of service under the system, but not to exceed 50 percent of such annual compensation. <u>The computation for any absence shall be based on the compensation of the position held by the member at the beginning of the absence.</u>

Issue 12: 31838.5 – Concurrent Retirement; Disability

Section 31838.5 prevents windfalls for members who retire for disability from one or more systems. This amendment would clarify that a CERL system must reduce a member's allowance from that system <u>as much as necessary</u> so that the member does not receive a combined allowance that is "greater than the amount the member would have received had all the member's service been with only one entity." The statute currently refers to a pro rata reduction by each system, but some systems (like CalPERS) are not subject to section 31838.5 and do not make any reduction. This may leave the member with the windfall that section 31838.5 is designed to prevent, depending upon how a system calculates its "pro rata" reduction. This statute would make clear that the windfalls section 31838.5 is designed to prevent should always be prevented.

Section 31838.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

No provision of this chapter shall be construed to authorize any member, credited with service in more than one entity and who is eligible for a disability allowance, whether service connected or nonservice connected to receive an amount from one county that, when combined with any amount from other counties or the Public Employees' Retirement System, results in a disability allowance greater than the amount the member would have received had all the member's service been with only one entity.

In cases of service-connected disability allowances only, the limitation on disability allowances provided for in this section shall apply to service-connected disability allowances payable to those who, after being employed with another county or an entity within the Public Employees' Retirement System, become employed by a second public entity on or after January 1, 1984.

Each entity shall calculate its respective obligations based upon the member's service with that entity and each shall adjust its payment on a pro rata basis. If, however, another entity does not reduce the amount it pays the member, an entity subject to this section shall reduce the allowance it pays the member by as much as necessary to ensure that the member does not receive a disability allowance greater than the amount the member would have received had all the member's service been with only one entity.



MEMORANDUM

Date: October 27, 2021

To: CCCERA Board of Retirement

From: Henry Gudino, Accounting Manager

Subject: Review of 2021 CCCERA budget versus actual expenses 3rd quarter report

Background

Enclosed please find a 3rd quarter budget versus actuals expense update report for the 2021 fiscal year from January 1 through September 30, 2021. The 2021 budget is presented as a total annual amount in order to compare with actual expenses through the 3rd quarter yearend. The remaining budget dollars and percentages of budget remaining allows the reader to compare and monitor how much is left for the remaining fiscal year. The update is divided into four sections including: Total CCCERA departments combining Administrative and Non-Administrative expenses (p.1), followed with separate sections for Administrative and Non-Administrative expenses (p.3-4), and concluding with a Capital Budget update (p.4).

Administrative departmental expenses include Executive, Compliance, Administrative/ HR, Accounting, Information Technology, Retirement Services, and Member Services. Non-Administrative expenses include Investments and Legal, along with any other departmental legal fees, and Disaster Recovery program costs.

The Capital Budget describes annual and accumulated costs for assets that are depreciated annually over their useful life beginning at purchase date or when the asset is completed. The Pension Administration System project is an asset in progress to be depreciated at completion. Other office assets such as furniture, IT hardware equipment, and leasehold improvements, are assets being depreciated in the operating budget.

For the 3rd quarter year-end status ended September 30, 2021, total CCCERA expenses amounted to \$11,788,434 of which \$8,411,524, or 71%, was Administrative and \$3,376,910, or 29%, was Non-Administrative. Administrative expenses when compared to the 2021 approved Administrative budget of \$12,504,200 results in a remaining budget of \$4,092,677, or 33% left at the 75% 3rd quarter year-end point.

Section 31580.2 of the California Government Code sets a statutory limit for administrative expenses to be capped at 0.21% of the most current Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). Last measured as of December 31, 2020, the AAL is \$10.5 billion which results in a statutory limit of approximately \$22.1 million. The 2021 Administrative expenses are trending at \$11.3 million for December 2021 year-end which is 0.113% of the AAL and well under the limit amount.

Recommendation

This memo is for informational purposes only, and no action is required.

Contra Costa County Employees' Retirement Association FY2021 Budget vs 3rd Quarter Actual Expenses Including Administrative & Non-Administrative Departments

	2021 Budget	2021 Q3 Actuals	\$ (over) under	% (over) under
Personnel Services:				
Salaries and Wages	\$ 7,269,800	\$ 5,263,752	\$ 2,006,048	28%
Employee Benefits and Retirement	 5,245,400	3,298,251	1,947,149	37%
Total Personnel Services	12,515,200	8,562,003	3,953,197	32%
Operational Expenses:				
Professional Services				
Investment Consulting	931,600	704,309	227,291	24%
Actuarial Services	215,000	118,513	96,487	45%
Outside Legal Counsel Services	495,000	280,843	214,157	43%
Audit Services	55,000	45,531	9,469	17%
Actuary - Benefit Statements	80,000	71,567	8,433	11%
Disability Hearing/ Medical Reviews	171,200	97,071	74,129	43%
Other Professional Services	 23,700	5,485	18,215	77%
Total Professional Services	1,971,500	1,323,320	648,180	33%
Office Expenses:				
Office Lease	559,700	435,903	123,797	22%
Telephone & Internet Services	64,600	67,723	(3,123)	(5%)
Equipment Lease & Maintenance	27,400	11,837	15,563	57%
Furniture & Equipment	12,000	33	11,967	100%
Office Supplies & Maintenance	157,400	47,798	109,602	70%
Printing & Postage	143,100	71,364	71,736	50%
Training & Education	163,800	35,877	127,923	78%
Travel & Transporation	192,900	616	192,284	100%
Insurance	 304,900	232,444	72,456	24%
Total Office Expenses	1,625,800	903,595	722,205	44%
Information Technology Systems:				
Support Service & Software Contracts	639,900	506,697	133,203	21%
Hardware & Equipment Maintenance	54,400	17,475	36,925	68%
Project Consulting	525,000	248,140	276,860	53%
Total IT Systems	1,219,300	772,312	446,988	37%
Assets Depreciation	289,100	227,204	61,896	21%
Total CCCERA Expenses	\$ 17,620,900	\$ 11,788,434	\$ 5,832,466	33%

Administrative \$8.4M

Non-Administrative \$3.4M

CCCERA Administrative FY2021 Budget vs 3rd Quarter Actual Expenses

	2021 Budget	2021 Q3 Actuals	\$ (over) under	% (over) under
Personnel Services:				
Salaries and Wages	\$ 5,429,600 \$	3,920,946 \$	1,508,654	28%
Employee Benefits and Retirement	 4,212,400	2,647,637	1,564,763	37%
Total Personnel Services	9,642,000	6,568,584	3,073,416	32%
Operational Expenses:				
Professional Services				
Audit Services	55,000	45,531	9,469	17%
Actuary - Benefit Statements	80,000	71,567	8,433	11%
Disability Hearing/ Medical Reviews	171,200	97,071	74,129	43%
Other Professional Services	22,700	5,485	17,215	76%
Total Professional Services	328,900	219,654	109,246	33%
Office Expenses:				
Office Lease	486,900	388,642	98,258	20%
Telephone & Internet Services	52,600	58,202	(5,602)	(11%)
Equipment Lease & Maintenance	17,400	11,837	5,563	32%
Furniture & Equipment	12,000	33	11,967	100%
Office Supplies & Maintenance	146,400	44,902	101,498	69%
Printing & Postage	141,900	71,118	70,782	50%
Training & Education	138,300	27,798	110,502	80%
Travel & Transporation	94,000	616	93,384	99%
Insurance	304,900	232,444	72,456	24%
Total Office Expenses	1,394,400	835,592	558,808	40%
Information Technology Systems:				
Support Service & Software Contracts	337,000	331,701	5,299	2%
Hardware & Equipment Maintenance	36,400	16,237	20,163	55%
Project Consulting	520,000	248,140	271,860	52%
Total IT Systems	 893,400	596,079	297,322	33%
Assets Depreciation	245,500	191,615	53,885	22%
Total Administrative Expenses	\$ 12,504,200 \$	8,411,524 \$	4,092,677	33%

CCCERA Non-Administrative FY2021 Budget vs 3rd Quarter Actual Expenses

		2021 Budget	2021 Q3 Actuals		\$ (over) under	% (over) under
Personnel Services:						
Salaries and Wages	\$	1,840,200	\$ 1,342,806	\$	497,394	27%
Employee Benefits and Retirement	'	1,033,000	650,613	•	382,387	37%
Total Personnel Services		2,873,200	1,993,420		879,781	31%
Operational Expenses:						
Professional Services						
Investment Consulting		931,600	704,309		227,291	24%
Actuarial Services		215,000	118,513		96,487	45%
General & Fiduciary Legal Counsel		320,000	210,544		109,456	34%
Investment Legal Counsel		115,000	40,177		74,823	65%
Disability Legal Services		60,000	30,122		29,878	50%
Other Professional Services		1,000	-		1,000	100%
Total Professional Services		1,642,600	1,103,665		538,935	33%
Office Expenses:						
Office Lease		72,800	47,261		25,539	35%
Telephone & Internet Services		12,000	9,521		2,479	21%
Equipment Lease & Maintenance		10,000	-		10,000	100%
Office Supplies & Maintenance		11,000	2,896		8,104	74%
Printing & Postage		1,200	246		954	80%
Training & Education		25,500	8,079		17,421	68%
Travel & Transporation		98,900	-		98,900	100%
Total Office Expenses		231,400	68,003		163,397	71%
Information Technology Systems:						
Support Service & Software Contracts		302,900	174,996		127,904	42%
Hardware & Equipment Maintenance		18,000	1,237		16,763	93%
Project Consulting		5,000	-,25,		5,000	100%
Total IT Systems		325,900	176,233		149,667	46%
Assets Depreciation		43,600	35,589		8,011	18%
Total Non-Administrative Expenses	\$	5,116,700	\$ 3,376,910	\$	1,739,790	34%
•						

CCCERA 2021 Capital Budget

	Contract	C	Capital Budget	3 Progress To Date Actuals*
Pension Administration System (PAS)				_
Data Conditioning Project	\$ 2,115,000	\$	846,000	\$ 355,053
Pension Administration System	13,000,000		4,350,000	1,502,695
Total Project Costs	\$ 15,115,000	\$	5,196,000	\$ 1,857,748

^{*}PAS costs accumulate while in-progress. Depreciation begins at Project completion over 10-year useful life.

PAS Consulting Fees		Contract	Oper	rating Budget		Expensed
Through 3rd Quarter 2021 Budget	\$	1,697,280	\$	500,000	\$	239,850
Prior Years Operating Budgets 2019-20		-		300,000		309,855
Total PAS Consulting	\$	1,697,280	\$	800,000	\$	549,705
Othor Canital Assats & Donnosiation		Original Asset Cost	Oper	rating Budget	Q3	3 Depreciation
Other Capital Assets & Depreciation	ф.	Asset Cost	•			
Leasehold Improvements	\$	Asset Cost 139,938	Oper	14,000	Q3 \$	10,495
Leasehold Improvements Office Furniture/ Workstations	\$	Asset Cost 139,938 537,822	•	14,000 107,600		10,495 68,559
Leasehold Improvements Office Furniture/ Workstations Communication & Network Equipment	\$	Asset Cost 139,938 537,822 107,918	•	14,000 107,600 18,000		10,495 68,559 16,188
Leasehold Improvements Office Furniture/ Workstations Communication & Network Equipment Audio Visual Equipment	\$	Asset Cost 139,938 537,822 107,918 184,270	•	14,000 107,600 18,000 37,800		10,495 68,559 16,188 27,641
Leasehold Improvements Office Furniture/ Workstations Communication & Network Equipment Audio Visual Equipment Security Equipment	\$	Asset Cost 139,938 537,822 107,918 184,270 101,947	•	14,000 107,600 18,000 37,800 20,400		10,495 68,559 16,188 27,641 15,292
Leasehold Improvements Office Furniture/ Workstations Communication & Network Equipment Audio Visual Equipment	\$	Asset Cost 139,938 537,822 107,918 184,270	•	14,000 107,600 18,000 37,800		10,495 68,559 16,188 27,641